

MRS. FLORENCE HUMPHREY:

Witness will testify that on Saturday, January 27, 1934, she was employed by the F. & W. Grand & Silver Store, 67 Seventh Street, St. Paul, Minn.

On that date, about 11:30 a.m., a man called at her counter and purchased three flashlights of a large reflector type and bearing the trade mark "Merit Product"; that this man also purchased some Arrow batteries and Ever-ready batteries; also, he purchased three extra flashlight bulbs for a total of \$3.12, paying with a \$5.00 bill.

Witness will identify photograph of Alvin Karpis, carrying No. 1539 K.S.P., as the person who made the purchase, and she will testify that she appeared before a federal grand jury at St. Paul, Minn., on or about May 4, 1934, and testified before the said grand jury that Alvin Karpis purchased the above-mentioned items.

E. ROSS ALLEN

E. Ross Allen will testify that he is a Director of the Florida Reptile Institute.

Witness will identify and introduce in evidence Receipt, dated December 2, 1934, to T. C. Blackman, and will testify that Fred Barker paid the \$20.00 mentioned in the receipt, and instructed Allen to mount the deer head brought by Barker, and to deliver the same to Joe Adams at the Kleomodoro Hotel, Miami, Florida.

11. 7,576-11387

L. W. THOMAS

L. W. Thomas has owned the residence known as No. 1121 85th Street, Northeast, since 1931.

During the early part of November, 1934, Thomas told Joe Adams that he was planning on renting the house out for the season and that if Adams knew of a couple who wanted the house for the season to let him know. Knight was present during this conversation.

On or about December 13, 1934, in the evening, Thomas saw Joe Adams at the Biscayne Kernel Club and told him that the renters had not arrived as yet and that he, Thomas, was anxious to know whether they planned on taking the house. Adams replied that the renters, Mr. and Mrs. Green, had gone away for a few days, but that they had given him the season rent money to pay Thomas. Adams then paid Thomas \$750.00.

Thomas will identify photographs of Alvin Karpis and Dolores Delaney, as the persons who moved into his house.

*Inquire of Mrs. P.W.
Thomas re finding the
R.R. Brown letter in
the house.*

MRS. GRACE THOMAS:

Mrs. Grace Thomas is the wife of Mr. L. W. Thomas.

Mrs. Thomas will identify and introduce in evidence lease, dated December 12, 1934, executed between herself and Mrs. S. A. Green.

She will identify the photograph of Dolores Delaney as being the same person as Mrs. S. A. Green.

She will also identify photograph of Alvin Karpis as the person who moved into her house with Mrs. S. A. Green (Dolores Delaney) on or about December 15, 1934.

During the latter part of November, Adams and Knight came to the home of Mrs. Thomas and at that time had a conversation with Mrs. Thomas. Knight did most of the talking and heard Adams looked the house over.

On two or three occasions, during the latter part of November, 1934, Adams and Knight called at the home of Mrs. Thomas, and discussed the renting of the house on 85th Street and also looked over the house.

In the latter part of November, Adams and Karpis (Karpis using the name of Green) called at the home of Mrs. Thomas and at that time Mrs. Thomas stated that she wanted to run another ad in the newspaper relative to renting the house at which time Adams said "that will not be necessary", and Karpis (Green) interrupted the conversation and stated that they had decided to take the house.

Adams, at the time heard Karpis (Green) were out to see Mrs. Thomas in the latter part of November, stated to Mrs. Thomas that the Greens were good customers of his at the hotel.

WILLIAM A. MORLEY:

William A. Morley and Young were the owners of the Danmor Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J.

On Friday, January 18, 1935, between 2:00 and 3:00 p.m., Morley was at his store, directly across from the Danmor Hotel. At that time one girl, whom he has identified by her pictures as being Dolores Delaney, handed Morley a note addressed to Bill Morley, and it was written on the stationery of the Tamiami Hotel, Miami, Florida--it was handwriting in green ink. The note read: "Dear Bill: Take care of my friend Mrs. Graham and see that she gets a good doctor and gets good care". It was signed "Duke".

Morley will identify the picture of Karpis as the person he saw in Room 403, Danmor Hotel, on January 19, 1935.

SAMUEL E. MORLEY:

Samuel E. Morley had known Duke Randall in Atlantic City about four years.

On Monday, January 21, 1935, about 12:30 a.m., while Morley was in his brother's cigar store, the telephone rang and the operator said "Morley Cigar Store?" to which Morley answered, "Yes". The operator then said "Miami, Florida, calling. Hold the line." Morley heard money drop and then a feminine voice asked, "Is this Morleys?" Morley answered, "Yes," and the feminine voice said, "This is a friend of --- (Morley stated it sounded either like "Duke" or Dick)". The feminine voice then said, "What happened in Atlantic City this morning?" Morley said, "I understand there was a little shooting match". The feminine voice said, "How did the boys make out?" Morley said, "I believe the boys got away but the girls were caught". The feminine voice asked, "Where are they now?" Morley told her, "I believe they are on their way to Philadelphia with the Department of Justice men". The feminine voice said, "Uh huh", and that ended the conversation.

ELIZABETH MORLEY

On January 18, 1935, about 2:45 p.m., Mrs. Morley saw a girl come into her husband's cigar store, whose picture she has identified as being the person Dolores Delaney. Dolores Delaney handed her husband a note addressed to Bill Morley and was written in green ink on the stationery of some hotel. The note said, "Take care of my friends and see that they get a good doctor", and was signed "Duke".

The only "Duke" Mrs. Morley knows is Duke Randall who used to be a drummer in a band around Atlantic City.

A short time after the first visit to the cigar store by Dolores Delaney, both she and Wynona Burdette came into the cigar store and bought some cigarettes.

Mrs. Morley can state from her own knowledge that Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette were registered at the Danmore Hotel.

Mrs. Morley can identify the picture of Karpis and states that he was registered in the hotel at the time the girls were there.

FRANCIS P. MALONE

During January, 1935, Francis P. Malone was City Editor of the Miami Daily News.

Shortly after the shooting up at Oklawaha at the Bradford House, Malone called Adams by telephone and told Adams that Carson Bradford had told Malone that Adams had rented the Bradford House to some people who Bradford did not know.

Malone told Adams of the shooting which had occurred at Oklawaha and asked Adams as to the identity of the occupants of the house. Adams stated he was surprised to hear the news.

Adams told Malone that a mother and son who had stopped at the Kleomodoro Hotel during the fall of 1934 had rented the Bradford House. Malone requested information concerning these people and Adams promised that he would check the register and files of the hotel to find out the names of the people and call Malone back.

After waiting awhile, Malone again called Adams on the telephone. This time he told Adams that he had information that the Blackburns, who rented the Bradford House, were in fact Fred and Kate Barker, and that he had information that Karpis was also in the house at Oklawaha. Malone also told Adams that these people were under indictment at St. Paul, Minn., for the Brimmer kidnapping-- Adams said he knew nothing about Karpis.

JAMES GRANT:

During 1934 and 1935, James Grant was working as a bell-boy at the Alcomodoro Hotel.

Grant will identify the photographs of William J. Harrison and Harry Sawyer as the two persons who occupied Rooms 1004 and 1005.

Sawyer lived at the hotel about ten days during September, and Harrison was in the hotel on about three occasions during September and each time spent two or three days in the hotel.

Grant will identify the photographs of the following persons who, he will testify, were living at the Alcomodoro Hotel in the fall and winter of 1934: Fred Barker, Alvin Karpis, Kate Barker, Dolores Delaney, Harry Campbell, and Wynona Burdette.

Grant will testify that Fred Barker and Harry Campbell stayed in Room 1004 and 1005, and that he waited on these people many times.

Grant was ordered by the desk and took up a radio to Room 405. Grant will identify picture of Dolores Delaney and the side-view picture of Karpis as the persons who were in Room 405 at the time he delivered the radio.

K. R. MC INTIRE:

K. R. McIntire will testify he is a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and has been for six years.

He will identify photographs of Harry Sawyer, Wynona Burdette, Dolores Delaney, Alvin Karpis, Arthur Barker, and Russell Gibson.

He will testify that all of the above-mentioned persons were being sought by the Bureau as fugitives from Justice.

He will testify that identification orders (and will explain the same) had been issued by the Bureau for the following during the summer of 1934: Harry Sawyer, Alvin Karpis, Arthur Barker, and Russell Gibson.

He will testify that identification orders had been issued by the Bureau during the summer of 1934 for the following: Fred Barker, Kate Barker, Harry Campbell, and William Harrison.

He will testify that the usual routine and practice of the Bureau is to print thousands of identification orders of fugitives and distribute the same to the various law enforcement agencies, etc.--will testify this was done in the case of the above-mentioned fugitives.

He will testify that all Agents of the Department of Justice were instructed to be on the lookout for the fugitives and that two special squads of the Bureau were assigned to the special duty of apprehending these fugitives.

M. S. ALTHEYER

Will testify that he was General Manager of the Unger Buick Company, during December, 1934.

Witness will produce and identify books and records of the Unger Buick Company, Miami, showing sale of Buick Tudor Sedan, Motor No. 42949155, sold to Leroy Morrison for \$1096.50, on December 22, 1934.

Witness will identify Florida Certificate of Title, dated January 1, 1935, for 1935 Buick Coupe, issued in the name of Leroy Morrison.

MRS. CLARA GILBERT

Will testify that during December, 1934, she was Cashier of the Unger Buick Company, Miami, Florida.

She will state that she completed the sale of the Buick to Leroy Morrison, at which time he refused to give a local address, stating that he had just arrived in town from Buffalo, N.Y., where he resided at 444 Main Street; that Morrison further instructed her to retain the Certificate of Title when it came from Tallahassee, Florida, until April 1, 1935, after which time she should forward it to him at his northern address if he did not call for it.

NOTE: Attempt to have witness identify Randall as the person who purchased the car.

MILLER V. BISHOP

Witness will state that in December, 1934, he was working for the Unger Buick Company, Miami, Florida.

(Note: Point out Randall and ask witness if he recognizes him and then proceed to have witness testify as to the sale of Buick car to Randall).

On Saturday morning, before lunch, December 22, 1934, a man got out of a Red Top cab and walked into the show rooms of the Unger Buick Company. He walked directly to a 6-passenger black Buick coupe and asked Bishop what discount he could get off for cash. Bishop told him none because of the code. Bishop and the man sat in the seat of the car for awhile after which he asked Bishop how soon he could get the car, and Bishop said "In about ten minutes", whereupon the man (Randall) said, "Let's go". Bishop then took (Randall) back to the desk where he paid for the car in cash.

Witness recalls that (Randall) gave the name of Leroy Morrison, 444 Main Street, Buffalo, New York. (Randall) then got into the Buick and left.

A. A. UNGAR

Witness will state that he is the owner of the Unger Buick Company, Miami, Florida.

He will testify that he has known Joe Adams for some time, and that in the middle of December, 1934, Joe Adams called him and said, "Arthur, I have got a good prospect for you. He is a wealthy friend and is about to buy a car in Orlando, Florida, and I stopped him from buying a car up there and he is going out of town. When he returns, I'll get him in touch with you at the proper time".

MISS TERESE CARMICHAEL

Witness will state she is a practical nurse.

That on or about December 18, 1934, she went to work for a Mr. and Mrs. Green, at 1181 Northeast 85th Street, Miami, Florida. She will state that she obtained employment through the Hampton Employment Agency of Miami.

Witness will identify photographs of Karpis and Dolores Delaney as Mr. and Mrs. Green.

DR. A. HAMPTON

Will state that she is manager of the Official Physicians and Surgeons Exchange and Nurses Registry of Dade County Medical System. She also operates the Adele Hampton Placement Bureau, Miami.

That approximately 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon of December 26, 1934, Joe Adams called Dr. Hampton and stated that he wished to secure a practical nurse--cook for a Mrs. Green. Dr. Hampton asked what kind of a person Mrs. Green wanted and what she would pay. Adams stated he did not know what she wanted to pay, that Mrs. Green was in an expectant condition and wanted a nurse who could do housework. Dr. Hampton asked Adams for Green's address saying that she would go out and see the Greens and find out what kind of a girl they wanted and also see the people she was getting the nurse for. Adams gave Dr. Hampton the address of 1121 Northeast 85th Street.

Dr. Hampton went to 1121 Northeast 85th Street and talked to ~~the Greens~~. Mrs. Green. Identifies Helene Helmy.

Note: Try to bring out in some way that Mrs. Green said to Dr. Hampton that she wanted someone to stay with her who could do housework and who would not talk too much or ask too many questions. Dr. Hampton recalls this.

Adams first called Dr. Hampton on 12/16/34, & she was not in. He left message to have Dr. call Joe Adams right back. Called him back that morning, & Joe Adams was not in. Called again on 12/17/34, & he was not in. Adams called Dr. on 12/19/34 around 2:30 P.M. & raised hell because Dr. hadn't contacted him. Adams told her that her ²² ~~Helmy~~ was a traveling nurse, & that he ~~was~~ ^{was} would not know that somebody would be with him in

DR. JOHN E. HALL

Witness will state he is a physician and engaged in practice in Miami, Florida, during 1934.

About the middle of December, 1934, Adams referred a Mr. Green to Dr. Hall, and Dr. Hall treated Green for a period of five or six weeks.

Dr. Hall will identify the photograph of Karpis as that of Green, the man he treated.

On one occasion Green (Karpis) called Adams from the office of Dr. Hall and told Adams that he had to go to Orlando, Florida, on business.

H. L. SILVUS

During the early part of 1935, witness was the owner of the Tamiami Hotel.

Witness knows Duke Randall and will state Randall was living at the Tamiami during January, 1935.

Some time after 12:00 o'clock, midnight, or around 1:00 o'clock, January 17, 1935, Randall brought two women to the Tamiami Hotel, taking them to his room. Randall then returned to the lobby and stated that the women were his sister and sister-in-law.

About 9:30 a.m., January 17, 1935, witness saw the two women, accompanied by Randall, leave the hotel.

Witness will identify photograph of Dolores Delaney as one of the women.

On one occasion, while Randall was living at the Tamiami Hotel, he told Silvus, while checking his, Randall's, gun, that he was a body guard for Joe Adams.

GREGORY I. GODONO

Witness will testify that he has been personally acquainted with Duke Randall for several years; that during the early fall of 1934 he and Duke Randall drove to Miami, Florida, from Atlantic City, N. J.

Witness will identify and introduce in evidence Motor Vehicle Certificate of Title No. 952564, Application No. 370964, dated December 7, 1934. Witness will state that Randall gave him this Certificate of Title for safekeeping.

Witness will identify and introduce in evidence 1935 Florida automobile registration card issued to G. F. Summers, dated January 14, showing Florida tag No. 39195, issued for Ford four-door Sedan, and will testify Randall left the same with him for safekeeping.

Witness will identify and introduce receipt issued by Shaw and Keeter, Motor Company, Gainesville, Florida, dated November 16, 1934, showing sale of 1934 Ford V-8 Sedan, to G. F. Summers. Witness will testify Randall left same in his care for safekeeping.

Witness will testify that Duke Randall left Ford V-8 Sedan, Motor No. 18-1190702 with him for safekeeping. Witness will identify and introduce in evidence Postal telegram, dated December 31, 1934, which is as follows: "Use own judgment the quickest way". Signed: "Joe". Will also state this was among the papers left with witness by Randall for safekeeping.

Witness will identify and introduce in evidence memorandum written in ink on stationery of the Dinkler Hotels, indicating expenses incurred by Duke Randall on trip he made for Joe Adams, to Etowah. Witness will state this memorandum was among the papers left with him by Randall for safekeeping.

Witness will identify and introduce in evidence Passenger coupon No. 3021, Eastern Airlines, Inc., indicating a passage by plane to Atlanta from Miami and return. Witness will also state this coupon was among the papers left with him by Randall for safekeeping.

WALT R STOKES

Witness will testify that he is Commissioner of Finance and Taxation for the State of Tennessee, and will state that his Department includes registration and licensing of automobiles.

Witness will identify and introduce in evidence records disclosing that on November 18, 1934, 1934 Tennessee license plates #309381 were issued for a 1934 Buick Sedan, Motor No. 2884746, in the name of T. C. Blackburn, Etowah, Tenn.

HENRY DEBRO

Witness will testify he was employed as a bell boy at the Commodore Hotel during the fall and winter of 1934 and 1935.

Witness will identify photographs of William Harrison, Kate Barker, Fred Barker, Harry Campbell, Wynona Burdette, as persons he waited on at the Commodore Hotel while they were living there during the fall of 1934.

He will identify photographs of Alvin Karpis and Dolores Delaney as persons who were guests in Rooms 404 and 405, in December, 1934.

ROBERT DONLEY

Witness will testify that he worked for George A. Falke Motor Company, Cleveland, Ohio; that on July 19, 1934, a man, using the name of Charles Bronson, purchased a 1934 black Ford coupe.

(Note: Endeavor to have witness identify photograph of Karpis as person who purchased the Ford)

Ruth Winterfield:

Witness will testify that on July 19, 1934, she was employed as bookkeeper at the George A. Falke Motor Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

Witness will produce books and records to show sale of 1934 black Ford coupe to Charles Bronson.

Witness will identify photograph of Karpis as the person who purchased the Ford.

IWA MAI DUNLAP

Will testify that she was employed by Dr. Hall during the latter part of 1934, and the early part of 1935.

She will identify photograph of Karpis as the person who used the name of E. M. Green, and who Dr. Hall treated during December, 1934, and early January, 1935.

Witness will state that Karpis often used the 'phone at Dr. Hall's office and on two occasions she heard him call for Mr. Adams.

B. F. MIZELL

Will testify he is Commissioner of Motor Vehicles of the State of Florida.

He will produce and identify Florida Certificate^{of} Title No. 9506158, Application No. 53671, dated at Tallahassee, Florida, November 20, 1934, for Ford coupe, Motor No. 18-1037490, showing certificate of title was issued to Duke Randall, Elcomodoro Hotel, Miami, Florida.

He will also produce and identify 1934 Ohio Certificate of Title or registration issued in the name of Charles N. Bronson, on above-mentioned Ford.

Note: In the event witness is unable to produce original, prove its loss and introduce photostatic copy or certified copy.

ARTHUR SANDERCOCK

Witness will testify that he has been auditor and book-keeper at the Elcomodoro Hotel for the past eight years; that in August, 1934, Joseph H. Adams, became manager of the hotel. From that time on Sandercock worked under the supervision of Joe Adams.

He will testify that he kept the books and records at the hotel.

He will identify and introduce in evidence the following:

NAME	ROOM	IN	OUT	REGISTRATION CARD	MOVED TO ROOM
W. J. Harrison and party of three, Cleveland, Ohio.	1004 and 1005	9-1-34	9-12-34	8213	The departure record is found on Card 8957
J. Wagner and Mrs. Wagner, Detroit, Michigan	1008	9-20-34	9-21-34	2405	
G.L. Summers and T. C. Blackburn, St. Charles, Illinois, Note: On 10-20-34 these parties had an unknown guest who remained until 10-21-34	811	9-29-34	11-7-34	-	1005 on 10-6-34
Mrs. G.E. Ryan, South Ben, Ind.	907	9-30-34	11-7-34	-	1004 on 10-6-34
H. C. Waggoner, Atlanta, Georgia.	718	10-19-34	10-20-34		
Mrs. E.N. Wagner, City	1005	11-14-34	11-18-34		

ARTHUR SANDERCOCK, Cont'd

NAME	ROOM	IN	OUT	REGISTRATION CARD	MOVED TO ROOM
N. H. Heller, Havana, Cuba	1004	11-14-34	11-20-34	3403	
T. C. Blackburn, St. Charles, Illinois.	904	11-23-34	11-25-34	-	
Mrs. Ryan, St. Charles, Illinois	905	11-23-34	11-25-34		
G. F. Summers and wife	905	11-25-34	12/11/34	-	
N. H. Heller, Havana, Cuba	1005	12/5/34	12/7/34	3752	
J. B. Bolton Chicago	404	12-5-34	12-13-34	3726	

NOTE: This room was rented at \$3.00 per day but was immediately raised to \$4.00 per day on 12-5-34. Occupancy was actually taken at about 3:30 A.M., 12-5-34, hence a charge for 12-4-34 was made.

E. N. Howe, Chicago, Illinois.	405	12-5-34	12-15-34	3727	
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NOTE: Occupancy taken at 3:30 A.M., 12-4-34 according to L.E. Gray. On 12-5-34 the rate was raised from \$3.00 to \$6.00 per day. This rate was changed on 12-13-34 to \$7.00 per day. Dolores returned from Cuba on 12-4-34 - Karpis on 12-5-34 and they remained in the Hotel until they moved to the Thomas home.

T. C. Blackburn	1004	12-8-34	12-11-34		
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ARTHUR SANDERCOCK, Cont'd

NAME	ROOM	IN	OUT	REGISTRATION CARD	MOVED TO ROOM
Mrs. G. E. Ryan	1005	12-8-34	12-11-34		
J. B. Bolton and J. Roberts, Chicago, Illinois	702	12-28-34	12-28-34	4308 4393	
G. F. Summers and wife	705	1-13-35	1-14-35	-	

Witness should identify photographs of Harry Campbell, registered at the hotel as Summers; Dolores Delaney, registered as Mrs. Wagner; Kate Barker, registered as Mrs. Ryan.

Witness will state that Joe Adams placed money in an envelope under the name of Green, and that witness placed the same in a section of the vault devoted to the safekeeping of articles for employees of the hotel; that he gave Adams a claim check for the envelope.

About the time of the shooting at Oklawaha, Sandercock gave the envelope to Adams who asked for it--witness also recalls that he had given the envelope to Adams on a few occasions prior to this time after which Adams always always returned it to him, and he made out a new envelope, giving Adams the receipt.

(NOTE: Sandercock states that on the occasion after the shooting when he gave Adams the envelope, Adams did not return the same).

HENRY KRUEGER

Will testify he is manager and owner of the Krueger Florist Company and was in November, 1934.

He will identify photograph of Fred Barker as the person who ordered flowers sent to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Adams, Alcomodoro Hotel, Miami, Florida.

He will produce and identify telegraph delivery book which contains carbon copy of original telegram addressed to Exotic Gardens, Inc., Miami, directing that one dozen yellow and white mums be delivered to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Adams.

JAMES DONN.

Will testify he is President of the Exotic Gardens, Inc., and will produce telegram showing order for flowers to be sent to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Adams, Alcomodoro Hotel.

THOMAS DONN

Will testify he was employed by the Exotic Gardens, Inc., and will produce receipt for flowers, Order No. 6196, addressed to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Adams, Alcomodoro Hotel, and will identify same, and will state the flowers were delivered to the Alcomodoro Hotel.

DR. F. O. NICHOLS

Witness will state that he had known Joe Adams in Etowah, Tenn., before he came to Miami, and was practicing medicine in Miami in the fall of 1934.

Some time early in December, 1934, Joe Adams told Dr. Nichols that there was a patron of the Elcomodoro Hotel who he believed was an expectant mother; that he would send her to Dr. Nichols.

Dr. Nichols began treating the woman (referred to him by Adams) who gave the name of Mrs. L. O. Woods, and Dr. Nichols will identify photograph of Dolores Delaney as the woman he treated.

On one occasion Dr. Nichols visited the Elcomodoro Hotel to treat Mrs. Woods and at that time attended her in a room and Karpis was present--Dr. Nichols will identify photograph of Karpis as the person being in the room at the time.

On one occasion, while Dr. Nichols was treating Dolores Delaney, he spoke to Joe Adams and told him that he had called a telephone number at the address 1121 Northeast 85th Street, and that Mrs. Woods had stated that her name was "Green". Adams stated that he was suspicious and was wondering whether the couple were married or not. The ~~same~~ witness said to Adams he would like to know what kind of a girl this woman was in as much as she was apparently using two names.

After Dolores Delaney became the patient of Dr. Nichols, Joe Adams inquired on several occasions how the patient, Mrs. Woods, was getting along.

MISS GEORGIA PATTERSON

This witness, can, if necessary, identify original telegram, dated December 29, 1934, which is as follows:

"LIKE TO SEE YOU SUNDAY
CASH"

She can also testify that this telegram was received by her at the Western Union Office, 262 West Flagler Street by Messenger O. S. Gaskell, who was sent to the Commodore Hotel and picked up the message.

GEORGE PITCHFORD

Is Clerk of the United States Court, Miami, Florida. He will produce \$1000.00 bill, Serial No. F00017095 A, Series of 1928 60. He can also testify the bill has been in his possession since January 26, 1935.

D. B. SUTTON

Will testify he operates a jewelry store in Miami, Florida, and was in business during the year 1934.

About December 22, 1934, Joe Adams called him by 'Phone and stated that someone in his office wanted to buy a Christmas present and asked Sutton to send over a selection to choose from. A messenger brought a card signed by Joe Adams and the selection of jewelry pieces was delivered to the messenger.

While the jewelry was out of the store, Adams called the second time and stated that the parties had selected two pieces, but that the price was a little more than they wanted to pay and to ask Sutton if he would reduce it any. Sutton agreed to reduce the price on one pin from \$200 to \$175, and on another pin from \$100 to \$85.

The messenger returned with the remaining jewelry and \$260.00 in cash for the two pieces purchased.

NOTE: Sutton will identify receipt, dated December 22, 1934, for \$260.00, sold to Joe Adams.

NOTE: Attempt to have Sutton identify Randall as the messenger.

G. C. SMITH

Will testify he was station manager of the Eastern Airlines, at Miami, Florida, during December, 1934.

He will produce record to show sale of ticket No. 3021, for a round-trip, by plane, from Miami, to Atlanta, Georgia, and return, on December, 31, 1934.

NOTE: Witness should identify Eastern Airline Ticket No. 3021, as having been issued by the Eastern Airlines.

JOHN T. GREENLEE

Will testify that he was postmaster at Oklawaha, Florida, during October, November, December, 1934, and January, 1935,

That he observed newspapers come through the post office for a person who was living in the Carson Bradford home at that time, and the newspapers were addressed in long hand to an individual named "Summers".

Witness will be able to testify that newspapers which are usually sent from a newspaper office have a slip with a printed address of the addressees on it. Greenlee will be able to describe newspapers and their labels, etc., that are sent in the usual course by newspapers, the usual manner being for a newspaper office to paste or stick on a small yellow, pink or blue piece of paper on the paper binding the newspaper, and the small piece of paper usually bears the printed name and address of the party who is to receive the paper.

T. C. COVELL

Will testify that he was desk clerk at the Elcomodoro Hotel and employed as night from September 30, to November 25, 1934.

Will identify photographs of Kate Barker, Fred Barker, and Harry Campbell, as persons who were guests at the Elcomodoro Hotel during the fall of 1934.

Will identify photograph of Delores Delaney and Nathaniel Heller and state that on an occasion in November, 1934, they came to the hotel together and were given adjoining rooms--witness has known Heller for several years.

Will identify photographs of William Harrison and Harry Sawyer as persons who were guests at the Elcomodoro Hotel in September, 1934, in Rooms 1004 and 1005.

Will identify photograph of Cassius McDonald as person who called at the hotel, asking for Willie Harrison. He remembers this because McDonald came to the desk and he, Cavell, telephoned to Harrison's room for McDonald.

On a number of occasions, Harrison and McDonald asked for Joe Adams.

Covell was instructed by Joe Adams that whenever any of the above-mentioned persons stopped at the hotel, they were expected to pay good rates at all times.

F. G. BARBER

Will testify that he acted as caretaker of the Bradford house in Oklawaha.

Will identify photographs of Frank Barker and Ma Barker as the persons who lived in the Bradford house during the late fall of 1934.

Will testify that he saw Joe Adams visit Bradford house while the Barkers were living there on a number of occasions.

GLADYS FAHRION

Was employed about four years, prior to December 5, 1934, as telephone operator and clerk at the Elcomodoro Hotel-- duties consisted of taking care of switchboard and receiving guests from time to time.

Will identify photographs of Fred Barker, Kate Barker, Harry Campbell, who she will identify as a Mr. Blackburn, a Mrs. Ryan, and a Mr. Summers, who were guests at the Elcomodoro Hotel during the fall of 1934.

Summers (Campbell) and Blackburn (Fred Barker) went into the offices of Joe Adams on numerous occasions. These people paid high rates and the rates on the rooms occupied by Summers (Campbell), Blackburn (Fred Barker), and Mrs. Ryan (Kate Barker) were fixed by Adams.

37 7-576-11381

CARSON BRADFORD

Will testify that he is the owner of the house at Oklawaha, Florida, that was occupied by the Barkers during the fall of 1934.

Had known Joe Adams for some time prior to the fall of 1934 and had been interested in Biscayne Kennel Club.

During the early part of November, 1934, Joe Adams called Bradford on the telephone and asked if Bradford would rent his home at Ocala (Bring out from Bradford whether house is in Oklawaha or Ocala), for \$75.00 per month to some responsible parties. Adams stated that the tenants would be an elderly woman and her two grown sons. Bradford never talked to any of the parties and the renting of the house was carried on solely by Joe Adams. On the day Adams talked to Bradford on the telephone, Bradford went by the Eocomodoro Hotel and at that time saw Adams who gave Bradford the rental money for the house. Adams gave him a hundred dollar bill and a fifty dollar bill, and Bradford gave Adams the keys to the house. This all occurred in Adams' Office at the Eocomodoro Hotel.

After the shooting at Ocala, Adams had a conversation with Bradford, at which time Adams offered Bradford a thousand dollar bill for the damage done to his house. At that time Adams stated that the bill belonged to "that mob who left here". Bradford told Adams that as much as he felt that he should be reimbursed for the damage done to his home, that he couldn't take that kind of money.

On one occasion Bradford inquired of Adams concerning Randall, and Adams replied in a joking way, "He is my man".

JOHN A. MADALA

Will testify that he is an Agent of the Department of Justice and has been for several years.

Interviewed Joe Adams in St. Paul, Minn., in the presence of Agent J. H. Hansen, about the middle of January, 1936, at which time Adams denied having received the following letter:

"Dear Mr. Adams:

I received your cablegram last night and was very glad to hear from you. If that party and Willie intend to come over here on the boat Friday, or whenever they are coming, wire Mr. Heller the day they leave and I will go down to the pier and meet them, with Mr. Heller, who will take care of everything so they will not be detained by the Customs. Tell each of them to bring a couple of cartons of cigarettes and all such things as hair tonics, razor blades, etc., that they may need while here as the prices on such things are impossible.

If that party is not coming over here some time this week tell Willie to come and I will pay his expenses.

The weather has been fairly nice lately and no bombings or anything of that sort. We listened to the Miami news reports and they greatly exaggerated the trouble here.

Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain,

Sincerely,

Mr. Wagner".

During the interview Adams admitted that he had transmitted several cablegrams to Alvin Karpis under the name of "Mr. Wagner" with respect to Kate Barker during the time Karpis resided in Cuba.

Adams further told Madala that he, Adams, had known Willie Harrison for approximately five years. Adams also stated that he met Harry Sawyer through Willie Harrison as "Sealion" around the first of September, 1934, and that he, Adams,

JOHN A. MADALA, Cont'd

understood that Sawyer was from St. Paul, Minn. Adams stated that around that time Harry Sawyer, Cassius McDonald, and Willie Harrison, were talking about opening a gambling place in Miami.

Adams further told Madala that during the latter part of December, 1934, Cassius McDonald came to his office at the El Comodoro Hotel, and asked him, Adams, where he could get in touch with Blackburn. Adams stated that he then sent a telegram to Blackburn at Oklawaha, Florida, signing it "Cash", stating in the telegram that he, Cash, wanted to see him the following Sunday.

Adams further told Madala that on or about Christmas Day, 1934, Cassius McDonald came to his office at the El Comodoro Hotel and asked him, Adams, where he, Cash, could get in touch with Wagner. Adams states that he either gave Cash a telephone number or address in Miami of Wagner and volunteered to call Wagner for McDonald.

N. D. WILLS

Will testify that he is an Agent of the Bureau of Investigation.

During the latter part of September, 1935, he interviewed Duke Randall at Atlantic City, at which time Randall informed Wills that just prior to the time Alvin Karpis, Harry Campbell, Dolores Delaney, and Wynona Burdette, left Florida, Karpis told him, Randall, that the girls were going to Atlantic City by train because Dolores Delaney was not able to travel by automobile, and that it would be necessary for Harry Campbell to leave the Ford Sedan in Florida. Randall stated that Karpis then requested Randall to put the car in some place and told Randall that Campbell would return to get it at a later date. Randall stated the car was turned over to him by Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette who parked the car in the parking lot of the hotel where Randall was staying. Randall further stated that two girls turned over to him the automobile keys and certificate of title and a short time later Randall requested Godomo to place the automobile in a parking lot used by Godomo's employer, Ben Sipers.

Agent Wills will testify that on or about April 17, 1936, he interviewed Duke Randall at Newark, New Jersey, concerning his acquisition of Ford coupe, transferred from Bronson (Karpis) to Randall. Randall at this time stated as follows:

- "That sometime during the Fall of 1934 and while he was working for Joseph Adams at the Biscayne Dog Track, 115 North Second Street, Miami, Florida, he told Adams that it was necessary for him to have an automobile to get to the dog track and to escort to the bank the armored truck which collected money from the dog track. Adams informed Randall that a man named Bronson had left an automobile at the hotel and that arrangements could be made to get that car for Randall.

"A day or two later Randall went to the parking lot at the Biscayne Track to take over the automobile, the Ford coupe in question. After having it serviced, Randall advised, he then went to the hotel and there got the Bill of Sale which reflected that this car had formerly been registered in Ohio. This Bill of Sale was in the possession of Adams and it was Adams who gave it to Randall; however, Randall stated that

N. D. WILLS, Cont'd

he, after Adams had given him the Bill of Sale to the automobile, and Bronson went together to the Motor Vehicle Bureau, Miami, Florida, and there a girl clerk using the Bill of Sale for information typed the forms: "Combination Application for Duplicate and Transfer of Title Certificate" and "Certificate of Title Application". Randall advised as to the signature of Charles M. Bronson on these certificates that he (Randall) saw Bronson sign these forms at the Motor Vehicle Bureau, Miami, Florida; furthermore that the signature "Duke Randall, El Comodoro Hotel, Miami, Florida", appearing on the above mentioned combination form is his own signature and that it also was made at the office of the Motor Vehicle Bureau, Miami, Florida.

"As for the typed name "Duke Randall" appearing on the form "Certificate of Title Transfer" being scratched, Randall replied that a girl clerk in the office of the Motor Vehicle Bureau typed the form and that he supposes she made a mistake by placing his name in this form and that she scratched his name and inserted therefor the name of Charles M. Bronson.

"As to the Bill of Sale for this automobile signed by Bronson and received by Randall from Adams, Randall stated he did not know the relationship between Adams and Bronson or how Adams became interested in the Ford coupe, but that he understands Bronson owed Adams some money and used this Ford coupe in payment thereof; that he (Randall) never mentioned money to Bronson; that he did business with Adams and for this reason he did pay Adams a small amount of money on the car. Randall advised that he did not know why Bronson did not make the Bill of Sale out to Adams instead of himself (Randall) unless it was to save the fee for registering the car in Adams' name and again in his (Randall's) name. Randall further stated that the Bill of Sale was left in the possession of the Motor Vehicle Bureau, Miami, Florida, and that so far as he knows that Bureau still has possession of this Bill of Sale.

N. D. WILLS, Cont'd

"When questioned as to the identify of Charles M. Bronson, Randall advised that he never saw Bronson until the day he and Bronson went to the Motor Vehicle Bureau, Miami, Florida, to transfer the title to the Ford automobile, and that he has not seen Bronson since that time. Randall stated positively that Karpis or Adams is not identical with Bronson".

TESTIMONY IN OPPOSITION TO MOTION
TO SUPPRESS RANDALL'S STATEMENT OF
JANUARY 21, 1935 -- IF NEEDED

Agent Wills will testify that he interviewed Randall on or about October 1, 1935, and at that time Randall stated that the agents in whose custody he was in Miami, Florida, from January 21 to January 25, were a fine bunch of fellows, and they were nice to him, and that while he was in their care he was courteously treated, was given food and cigarettes, and that he thought those had had some in contact with were fine men.

J. R. SHARP

Will testify he is Agent of the Department of Justice and on January 20, 1935, at Atlantic City, N. J., made a search of the personal effects of Dolores Delaney which were found in her room at the Danmore Hotel.

Will identify sheet of paper bearing the heading "Tamiami Hotel, Miami, Florida" and with the following handwriting in green ink:

"Stop at Danmor Hotel and ask for Mr. Bill Morley.
"New Richmond Hotel, ask for Mr. Young.
"Bob Brown, 137 S. Mass Ave.
"Kentucky Avenue".

NOTE: This exhibit should be marked for identification only and will be identified by Pickering, handwriting expert, as the handwriting of Duke Randall.

J. C. WHITE

Is Special Agent of the Department of Justice,
and was so employed during January, 1935.

On January 16, 1935, was present at the time
Fred Barker and Kate Barker were killed at
Oklawaha, Florida, and he, together with other
agents, inspected the premises in that in one
of the bedrooms of the Bradford home he found
a set of 1934 Tennessee license plates No.
309281.

Note: Have White identify the
plates and offer same in evi-
dence.

ANDREW GURANTE

During 1934, was living in Miami, Florida, and in the fall of that year went to see Joe Adams, Manager of the El Comodoro Hotel. He discussed with Adams about opening a restaurant and bar in the hotel. On one occasion Adams read a letter from one Dave Myerson, with respect to Gurante's ability, and at that time Adams stated that on the strength of that letter he probably would employ Gurante as it indicated that he was a good man and further that Gurante was a type of man who would hear and see things but keep his mouth shut.

During the time Gurante was negotiating with Adams, he was often in Adams' private office which was at that time in the lobby facing West First Street. Gurante discussed the subject of operating the restaurant with Adams several times, and Adams said he was anxious to get everything opened up in time for the American Legion Convention in Miami, October 23 to 26.

During the time Gurante was discussing the plans with Adams, he noticed there were guests in the hotel whom Adams paid a great deal of attention to. Whenever these people came in, Adams immediately waited on them himself and would ignore Gurante.

On one occasion, while Gurante was talking to Adams, in his office, a person came in who Gurante will identify the photograph of Cassius McDonald. At that time McDonald asked Adams to intercede in behalf of someone who had been arrested by the Miami police for possession of a stolen car. Adams told McDonald that he did not want to do anything for this man because Knight was a bit provoked for having to fix things up for too many people. At that time Adams took from his pocket some money and gave part of it to McDonald.

About this time Adams told Gurante that these people on whom he was waiting were members of a mob who had kidnapped a fellow out West and collected \$20,000.00 in ransom. Adams also said, "I can get anything they've got; they've got more money than you can shake a stick at. I can get a hundred thousand dollars from them".

ANDREW GUARANTE, Cont'd

Guarante will identify the photographs of Alvin Karpis, Harry Campbell, William Harrison, Harry Sawyer, Fred Barker, and Doc Barker, as the persons Adams referred to and the ones he was waiting on.

Adams told Guarante on one occasion that he, Adams, always waited on these people himself, and that he, Adams, assigned the rooms to them; that they were good spenders; that they would stay two or three days and would give him \$200 or \$300, or if they stayed longer, a \$1000.00, and that they would never ask for any change. Also, that they would never ask for a bill.

B. F. FITZSIMMONS

Will testify that he is an Agent of the Department of Justice and that he interviewed Duke Randall in the Dade County Jail, Miami, Florida, around the early part of March, or the latter part of February, 1935. Randall at this time denied ever having been in Buffalo and claimed not to know Leroy Morrison. When asked about the Buick Sedan, Randall stated that Adams sent for him to come to his office in the El Comodoro Hotel; That Adams gave him, Randall, instructions and then Randall asked under what name he should purchase the car, Randall stating that in as much as he had never seen Karpis and he had not been introduced to him before, he did not know whose name to use. At the time Adams gave Randall instructions, Karpis took a slip of paper from Adams' desk and wrote the name "Leroy Morrison, 444 Main Street, Buffalo, New York", gave it to Randall and told Randall to use the name and address on the slip of paper.

R.E. JOHNSON

NOTE: Foundation for introduction of the following telegrams should be laid by showing Johnson each telegram and having him examine it and testify that he can ascertain from the telegram itself what office it originated from and that of his own knowledge it is a part of the records of the Western Union Telegram Company.

R. E. JOHNSON

Will testify that he is the manager or officer of the Western Union Office, Miami, Florida.

Will identify and introduce in evidence original telegram, dated December 29, 1934, addressed to T. C. Blackburn, c/o Carson Bradford, Oklawaha, Florida, which is as follows:

"LIKE TO SEE YOU SUNDAY
CASH"

(NOTE: This telegram in our possession)

Witness will produce and introduce in evidence original telegram, dated November 21, 1934, as follows:

"11.15 PM NOV 21, 1934

T. C. BLACKBURN
CARSON BRADFORD HOME
OKLAWAHA FLA

I HAVE BEEN SICK STOP PAPERS WILL START TODAY
SORRY OF DELAY STOP MAILING PLATES TODAY STOP
THANKS FOR FISH DID ENJOY THEM SO MUCH STOP
REGARDS TO ALL

JOE ADAMS"

Will produce, identify, and introduce in evidence, telegram, dated December 6, 1934, as follows:

"T. C. BLACKBURN
C/O CARSON BRADFORD HOME
OKLAWAHA, FLA

PHONE ME

JOE"

Will produce, identify, and introduce in evidence, telegram, dated October 16, 1934, as follows:

"OCT 16/34 23 1.33

LC JOE ADAMS
EL COMODORO HOTEL
MIAMI FLA

WHEN DOES PARTY EXPECT TO COME OVER HAVE YOU
HEARD FROM WILLIE ANSWER COLLECT

HELLER
HOTEL PARKVIEW

CASH
HOTEL PARKVIEW HAVANA CUBA" 50

R. E. JOHNSON, Cont'd

Will produce, identify, and introduce in evidence, original telegram, dated October 18, 1934, as follows:

"1934/OCT 18th/ 10 0.85
LC ADAMS
EL COMODORO HOTEL
MIAMI FLA -

CAN WILLIE COME TO-MORROW

CASH HELLER
HOTEL PARKVIEW HAVANA CUBA"

Will produce, identify, and introduce in evidence, regular tissue copy of telegram, dated October 25, 1934, as follows:

"1934 OCT 25 AM 12 55
MZE13 11 CABLE-MIAMI FLO 25 244A

LC MR KELLER
PARKVIEW HOTEL HAVANA CUBA

RYAN ARRIVES THURSDAY PLANE
ADAMS"

NOTE: JOHNSON CAN TESTIFY FROM HIS OWN KNOWLEDGE BY
EXAMINING TISSUE COPY OF THIS TELEGRAM THAT THE
SAME IS THE TISSUE COPY OF THE HAVANA OFFICE OF
THE WESTERN UNION COMPANY AND THAT THE ORIGINAL
HAS BEEN DESTROYED

Will produce, identify, and introduce in evidence, original telegram, dated November 2, 1934, as follows:

"1934 NOV 2 PM 8 16 17 2.65

FULL RATE
JOE ADAMS
COMMODORE HOTEL
MIAMI FLA

DID ANYONE COME OVER IF NOT WHEN ANSWER IMMEDIATELY
COLLECT

HELLER

CASH
ROOM 408 HOTEL PARKVIEW"

51

R. E. JOHNSON, Cont'd

Will be able to testify from his own knowledge that a telegram, dated January 1, 1935, sent from Atlanta, Georgia, by Duke Randall, to Miami, Florida, addressed to Joe H. Adams has been destroyed, pursuant to the rules of the Western Union Telegram Company. Telegram is as follows:

"(Received at Miami, Flo) 4:34 AM JAN 1 1935

JOB H ADAMS
PENTHOUSE FLORIDA NAT BANK BLDG MIAMI FLO

HAD TOUGH BREAKS ALL THE WAY THROUGH BUT
MADE IT OK MET HARRY AND EVERYTHING IS FINE
LEAVING ON 6 OCLOCK PLANE WILL ARRIVE 1206
IN MIAMI WILL MEET YOU IN HOTEL WHEN I GET IN

DUKE

DOLORES DELANEY

Will testify that she began living with Karpis in 1933 and continued to live with him until January 20, 1935, at which time she was arrested in Atlantic City, N. J.; that she is the same Dolores Delaney named in the indictments, and has pled guilty to the charge and is now serving a sentence.

On or about September 18, 1934, Dolores Delaney and Alvin Karpis left for Miami, Florida, in a ~~Ward~~ Ford coupe and arrived in Miami on September 20.

They proceeded directly to the El Comodoro Hotel. Karpis asked the room clerk for Mr. Adams, and on being advised he was not there left word to be notified when Adams returned.

Dolores Delaney will state that she was acquainted with Fred Barker, Arthur (Doc) Barker, Kate Barker, Harry Campbell, Wynona Burdette, Willie Harrison, Harry Sawyer, Bryan Bolton, Russell Gibson, Volney Davis, Bill Weaver, and will state that they were all members of the same gang.

Will state that in the summer and fall of 1934 she was with Alvin Karpis most of the time and that they were moving to different places for the purpose of preventing Karpis from being apprehended.

Upon arrival at the El Comodoro Hotel, Dolores Delaney and Karpis checked in Room 1005 under the name of "Wagner".

On the following morning, Karpis went down stairs and returned with two letters of reference, one addressed to "Nathaniel Heller, Park View Hotel, Havana, Cuba," and the other addressed to "George Harris, American Bar, Havana, Cuba", and also with tickets to Havana.

Dolores Delaney and Karpis left their Ford Coupe at the hotel.

After packing their baggage and as Dolores Delaney and Karpis were fixing leaving, they met Adams in the lobby of the hotel at which time Adams referred to Karpis as "Ray", and Karpis introduced Dolores Delaney to Adams as his wife.

DOLORES DELANEY, Cont'd

Upon the arrival of Dolores Delaney and Karpis in Cuba, they went to the Park View Hotel and registered under the name of "Wagner". After cleaning up, they went downstairs to the bar and met Heller, and Karpis gave Heller the letter of introduction. They stayed at the Park View Hotel for about a week.

Dolores Delaney and Karpis procured a cottage at Varadero Beach and lived there until some time early in December, 1934, using the name of "E.N. Wagner".

On one occasion, while in Havana, Nathaniel Heller took Dolores Delaney to a Ford Agency and told the salesman that she wanted a Ford sedan. Dolores Delaney bought the Ford Sedan, paying \$1074.00 in cash, and then Heller took Dolores Delaney to Marineo Town, located outside of Havana, and registered the car for her under the name of Dolores Wagner.

While in Varadero Beach, Dolores Delaney wrote a letter for Karpis, addressed to Mr. Adams. She will identify and introduce in evidence letter addressed to Adams and will state that it is in her own handwriting.

About the time that Dolores Delaney wrote the letter, Karpis had received a couple of cablegrams addressed to him under the name of "Wagner". On November 14, 1934, Dolores Delaney left Havana, Cuba, accompanied with Nathaniel Heller, on the SS Florida, and sailed to Miami, Florida. Heller and Dolores Delaney arrived in Miami, and registered at the El Comodoro Hotel. Dolores Delaney asked for Mr. Adams but was told he was out of town. Karpis had told her before leaving Varadero Beach to get in touch with Adams who would help her in locating a house or apartment in Miami where she and Karpis could live. Dolores Delaney was given Room 1005, and Heller occupied Room 1004 at the El Comodoro Hotel.

On one occasion while Dolores Delaney was looking for an apartment, Heller accompanied her to purchase an American pet bull dog called "Wimpy".

On November 18, 1934, Dolores Delaney returned to Havana by plane with her dog "Wimpy".

About December 4, 1934, Karpis told Dolores Delaney that he had seen a G-man in Havana so she and Karpis packed their things that night and left Varadero Beach about 7:00 o'clock the next morning. Karpis instructed Dolores Delaney to proceed to Miami by plane and to pick him up

DOLORIS DELANEY, Cont'd (3)

Either the next day or the day after at Homestead, Florida, Karpis stating that he was going to proceed to Key West by boat and then travel by train from Key West, to Homestead. Dolores Delaney proceeded to Miami and upon her arrival registered at a small hotel about a block and a half from the El Comodoro Hotel. Karpis had told her not to register at the El Comodoro Hotel but to check in some other hotel and inquire at the El Comodoro Hotel and find out if the rest of the gang were there. Dolores Delaney went to the El Comodoro and inquired for Ma Barker and Fred Barker under the names they were usually using, and was advised by the clerk that they were not there, but that the Summers were living in the hotel. Dolores Delaney went up to the room of the Summers and met Wynona Burdette.

On the morning of December 5, 1934, Dolores Delaney went down stairs to see Adams to borrow a car in accordance with the instructions she had received from Karpis before she left Havana. Adams was busy at the time and while Dolores Delaney was waiting for him, Willie Harrison came into the lobby. Dolores Delaney and Willie Harrison talked together and then went into Adams' office together. Adams asked Dolores Delaney concerning Ray and she told Adams that she was going to meet Ray on the night of December 5th. Adams then told Willie Harrison that George and his wife were registered at the hotel. ("George" being the first name of Harry Campbell).

Willie Harrison and Dolores Delaney then went to Wynona Burdette's room and shortly thereafter went to ~~Adams~~ Willie Harrison's room, No. 405, and there saw Doc Barker. Dolores Delaney will state that about the evening of December 6, while she was in Room 405, with Wynona Burdette, Karpis, Doc Barker and Willie Harrison, Adams came to the room and at that time Karpis told her to go in Room 404; that Adams stayed and talked with the boys about 20 minutes.

On the evening of December 5, Dolores Delaney went in Doc Barker's and Willie Harrison's car to Homestead, Florida, and picked up Karpis as he got off the train and returned him to Miami. They went to the El Comodoro Hotel but did not register -- they went up to Willie Harrison's room. Later that evening, Dolores Delaney and Karpis moved into Room 404, the room adjoining 405 which was occupied by Doc Barker and Willie Harrison. Karpis told Willie Harrison and Doc Barker about having seen a G-man in the Park View Hotel and that they had had to leave Cuba.

DOLORES DELANEY, Cont'd (4)

That evening Wynona Burdette, Willie Harrison, Doc Barker, Alvin Karpis and Dolores Delaney were in Room 405 and had a general conversation.

About three or four days after December 5, Dolores Delaney states that ~~Mrs~~ Ma Barker, Fred Barker and Harry Campbell arrived at the El Comodoro Hotel and checked into Rooms 1004 and 1005.

On the morning of December 11, Dr. Nichols attended Dolores Delaney in her room and at that time Karpis was present.

Karpis and Dolores Delaney continued to live at the El Comodoro for a few days after December 11. During this time, Karpis told Dolores Delaney to keep quite and stay in the room; that he did not want her running around the hotel--about this time a large radio was sent up to the room of Dolores Delaney and Karpis with compliments of the management.

Dolores Delaney will state that during this time that they ate most of their meals in their room.

In the early part of December, 1934, Joe Adams, Karpis, and Dolores Delaney, went down to a car where Adams told Delaney and Karpis that he had located a house which he thought would please them. Adams then drove Dolores Delaney and Karpis out to the house at No. 1121 Northeast 85th Street, where Adams introduced Dolores Delaney and Karpis to Mrs. Thomas, the owner, as Mr. and Mrs. Green. At this time Dolores Delaney and Karpis rented the house from Mrs. Thomas for \$750.00 rental for the season. A few days later they moved into the house.

About the time that Dolores Delaney and Karpis moved into the house on 85th Street, Karpis told Dolores Delaney that Joe Adams was going to drive him up to see Kate Barker and Fred Barker.

While Fred Barker and Harry Campbell were staying and Karpis and Dolores Delaney at their house on 85th Street, a few days before Christmas, Joe Adams visited their house and at that time Adams, Karpis, Fred Barker, and Harry Campbell, talked together in the living room of the house for about half an hour after which Adams left--Dolores Delaney did not hear any of the conversation because Karpis told her to go out in the kitchen while they were talking.

DOLORES DELANEY, Cont'd (5)

A couple of days after Karpis and Dolores Delaney moved into the house on 85th Street they hired Theresa Carmichael as a maid and nurse and she worked for them during the time they lived in the house.

About January 13, 1935, Wynona Burdette and Harry Campbell visited Karpis and Dolores Delaney at their home for two or three days.

On January 16, 1935, after hearing on a radio about the gun battle with the Barkers at the Bradford House at Oklawaha, about 3:00 p.m., the telephone rang and a voice asked for Ray Green. Dolores Delaney told him that he was not in but that she was Ray Green's wife. The voice then told Dolores Delaney to "leave the house immediately".

After the telephone call, Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette packed their bags, put them in Harry Campbell's Ford, and kept driving around the neighborhood until about 7:00 p.m., at which time they met Karpis and Harry Campbell returning from a fishing trip. Dolores Delaney told Karpis and Harry Campbell about the shooting and the telephone call, whereupon Karpis and Campbell left in the Buick and Karpis told Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette to follow them. Karpis told Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette to drive their car to a dog track and get Doc Randall, and to bring him to a street near the race track, where Karpis and Campbell would be. Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette went to the race track and Wynona Burdette went inside to see Duke Randall. Wynona Burdette came back and she and Dolores Delaney drove to a spot outside of Miami and met Campbell and Karpis. Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney told Karpis that Duke Randall could not come at that time as he was working on one of the windows at the Kennel Club. Karpis and Campbell left in a Buick and returned in about an hour and a half with Duke Randall. Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney stayed in the car while Campbell, Karpis, and Randall held a conversation in the Buick car.

At this time Dolores Delaney gave Karpis \$500.00 which she had and Karpis told her, in the presence of Duke Randall, that Duke Randall would give her a \$1000.00 the following morning. Karpis then told Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney to follow Duke Randall who had would take them to a place where they would spend the night and instructed Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette that they were to take a train the following morning for Atlantic City, where they would register at the Danmore Hotel and that Dolores Delaney

DOLOROS DELANEY, Cont'd (6)

would use the name of "Louise Graham" as Karpis stated that he would get in touch with her at that hotel.

Shortly after this conversation, Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney, in Harry Campbell's Ford Sedan, followed Duke Randall in his Ford coupe (which Dolores Delaney said was likewise owned by Karpis) to the Tamiami Hotel located near the El Comodoro Hotel. Randall took Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette into the hotel and introduced them to the clerk as his sisters. He then took them to his room where they stayed overnight.

The next morning, Randall came to the room while Wynona Burdette was in the bath room and gave Dolores Delaney an envelope which contained \$800.00 in one hundred, fifty, and twenty-dollar bills. Randall stated that Adams could not get the money from where he was supposed to; also, that Adams had taken this money from the hotel; that he would try to get the remainder to Dolores Delaney some time. Randall at this time gave Dolores Delaney two notes, one addressed to people at the Danmore Hotel at Atlantic City, N.J., telling Dolores Delaney that the note stated that Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney were good friends of his, Randall's, and that they should take care of Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney.

(NOTE: DOLOROS DELANEY will IDENTIFY THE OTHER NOTE IN GREEN INK HANDWRITING ON STATIONERY OF THE TAMIAMII HOTEL AS ONE OF THE NOTES DUKE RANDALL GAVE HER AT THIS TIME)

Dolores Delaney at this time gave Randall \$150.00 to be used for the purpose of purchasing railroad tickets and a drawing room to Atlantic City. Randall went out and returned shortly with the tickets, and gave them to Dolores Delaney.

Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette boarded the train and went to Atlantic City where they registered into the Danmore Hotel and at this time used one of the notes by giving it to William A. Morley.

WYNONA BURDETTE

Will state that in the fall of 1934 she was a member of the gang and knew the following: Alvin Karpis, Arthur (Doc) Barker, Fred Barker, Harry Campbell, Willie Harrison, Harry Sawyer, Slim Gibson, Ma Barker, Dolores Delaney, William Weaver, and Volney Davis.

Will testify that she is the same Wynona Burdette charged in the present indictment, and that she pled guilty to conspiracy to harbor Karpis and is now serving her sentence in Milan, Michigan.

Left Ponca City, Oklahoma, with Harry Campbell in a Ford V-8 Sedan, and drove to Miami, Florida. Waited outside in the car while Campbell went into the hotel. Campbell came out in about 5 minutes and took her up to their room.

During the period Wynona Burdette was in the El Comodoro Hotel, Joe Adams addressed her as "Mrs. Summers, though they had never been introduced.

During this period, Harry Campbell frequently met Joe Adams on the 10th floor of the hotel. During this period Wynona Burdette and Harry Campbell ate practically all of their meals in their room because they were afraid they might be recognized by some Bureau agent. |||

While Wynona Burdette was living at the hotel, Chicago newspapers containing pictures of the gang were delivered to her room by a bell boy by the name of Johnson.

On the evening of December 4, 1934, Dolores Delaney came to the room of Wynona Burdette and spent the night with her. The following morning, about 11:00 o'clock, Dolores Delaney went down stairs, came back about an hour later with Willie Harrison, and later on that day Wynona Burdette went to Room 405 where she saw the following present: Willie Harrison, Doc Barker, Dolores Delaney, and Alvin Karpis.

On one occasion while Wynona Burdette was in Room 405, with Doc Barker, Karpis, Dolores Delaney, Willie Harrison, JOE ADAMS came to Room 405 at which time Karpis told Dolores Delaney, in her presence, to go to Room 404. Thereupon Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette went into Room 404. Adams remained about twenty minutes.

WYNONA BURDETTE, Cont'd (2)

Wynona Burdette will state that Kate Barker and Fred Barker moved into the hotel about December 8th, and stayed until December 11, when they left there and all went to Oklawaha. Fred Barker, Ma Barker, Harry Campbell, and Wynona Burdette, drove to Oklawaha, in Harry Campbell's Ford.

She will state that Willie Woodberry was working for the Barkers at the Bradford House.

About two or three days after Wynona Burdette arrived at the house at Oklawaha, Joe Adams came to the place, with Alvin Karpis, in a coupe. Wynona Burdette returned to the house about 1:00 o'clock and Adams and Karpis were there at that time. Adams talked with Karpis, Fred Barker, and Harry Campbell, in the boat house, for about 30 minutes or an hour--Adams departed about sun-down, and Karpis stayed. Before Adams left, he and the boys came to the house, drank some beer, and sat around.

She will state that on January 10, 1936, Adams came to the Bradford House in a coupe and stayed about an hour. While she, Fred Barker, Ma Barker, Harry Campbell, and Joe Adams, were on the front porch, she heard Joe Adams say to Fred Barker and Harry Campbell that "there were some government men in Miami and that they had better get out of the place in Oklawaha as the government men might find out that they were there". Fred Barker said that he did not believe it, whereupon Joe Adams became angry and said to Fred Barker, "Well, this is the last trip I am going to make up here to warn you".

She will state that when she and Ma Barker returned from their trip over part of the State of Florida, Willie Woodberry handed a note, in a sealed envelope, to Ma Barker, and Wynona Burdette will state that the note was signed "Joe"; that the note was destroyed by being thrown into the fireplace. She will state that the note was in substance as follows: "that we had better get out of the place and stay out of there as the place was 'hot'; also, that he was getting tired of warning us; that he wanted to see the boys at the hotel as soon as they got back".

WYNONA BURDETTE, Cont'd (3)

About January 13, Wynona Burdette and Harry Campbell visited Dolores Delaney and Karpis at the house on 85th Street. On January 16, while Campbell and Karpis were out fishing, and after hearing about the shooting at Oklawaha, she and Dolores Delaney packed their things and drove around in the Ford of Harry Campbell until Karpis and Campbell came back about 7:30. After she and Dolores Delaney talked to Karpis and Campbell, Karpis instructed Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette to drive to the dog track and see Duke Randall and tell him that Karpis wanted to see him. Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney drove to the track and Wynona Burdette went inside and told Duke Randall that Ray wanted to see him as soon as possible. Duke Randall stated that he could not get away and that Ray should come to the track. Wynona Burdette told Duke Randall that Ray did not want to come there and Duke Randall said for her to tell Ray for him to come to the track through the back way; that an old man there will be waiting for him. Wynona Burdette returned to the car; she and Dolores Delaney drove to a place and met Campbell and Karpis. Wynona Burdette gave Karpis Duke's message, whereupon Campbell and Karpis drove away. Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney waited at a point about a mile from the track and after a while they returned with Duke Randall. After Karpis, Campbell, and Randall, had a conversation (which Wynona Burdette did not hear), Campbell instructed Wynona Burdette to follow Randall into town; that he would keep Dolores Delaney and Wynona Burdette that night, and send them to Atlantic City the following morning. At that time Campbell gave Wynona Burdette some money.

Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney then followed Randall in Campbell's Ford sedan to the Tamiami Hotel. On arriving, Wynona Burdette drove the Campbell car into a driveway near the hotel and asked Randall what she could do with the car. Randall told her to leave the keys and he would take care of it, and Duke Randall later told her that he would get rid of the Ford coupe by running it into the ocean. Randall then took Wynona Burdette and Dolores Delaney into the hotel and introduced them to the clerk as his sisters and stated that the girls were going to stay in his room overnight.

On the following morning, about 8:00 o'clock, Randall returned to the room and accompanied Wynona Burdette and

WYNONA BURDETTE, Cont'd (4)

Dolores Delaney down stairs, where they took a taxicab to the station and went to Atlantic City where they registered in the Danmore Hotel.

While Wynona Burdette was living at the Bradford house with the Barkers, Chicago, Miami, and St. Paul, newspapers were received through the mails. She will state that all three of the papers were wrapped in one bundle and that Harry Campbell stated that they came from the El Comodoro Hotel.

WILLIE WOODBERRY

Willie Woodberry lived most of his life at Oklawaha. In the latter part of November, 1934, Woodberry began working for Barkers at the Bradford House in Oklawaha.

Witness will identify pictures of Ma Barker and Fred Barker as persons he worked for.

Witness will identify pictures of Slim Gibson and Doc Barker as persons who visited Bradford house the day before New Years.

Some time in the latter part of December, 1934, Woodberry saw Joe Adams drive up to the Bradford House in a Ford coupe. There was a man with him and Woodberry states that the picture of Karpis, to the best of his knowledge, is the picture of the man who was with Adams. Woodberry asked Adams, "Is this Mr. Adams?" to which Adams said, "Yes".

Adams told Woodberry that he wanted to see the Blackmans. Woodberry told Adams that they were not at home, and that the Blackmans were on the lake fishing and he, Woodberry, would go look for them. Woodberry was gone about 30 minutes looking for the Blackmans and he returned and told Adams that he could not find them, whereupon Adams drove away and the other man stayed.

During the time Woodberry worked for the Barkers, he went to the post office for mail and brought home a newspaper which was received through the mail at the post office--each evening the newspapers were burned in the fireplace.

Some time in December, 1934, Duke Randall drove up to Blackman's House at Oklawaha in a Ford Coupe. He asked Woodberry where the Blackmans were. Woodberry told Randall that they were not at home. Randall asked Woodberry where they were and when they would return, and Woodberry told him that he did not know. Randall got out of the car and walked about the premises for some time and then asked Woodberry to get some oranges for him. Randall and Woodberry put the bag in a rumble seat in the back part of the Ford coupe.

WILLIE WOODBERRY, Cont'd

About two days after Randall's first trip to Blackman's house, he came again in the black Ford coupe and asked Woodberry where the Blackmans were, to which Woodberry replied that he did not know. Randall then drove away.

Some time in December, 1934, Duke Randall came again in a Ford coupe to the Blackman's house at Oklawaha. He talked to Woodberry and gave him a note, telling Woodberry to deliver the note to Mr. Blackman when he returned and also told Woodberry to tell Blackman to call up the Elcomodoro Hotel as soon as he got back.

Woodberry took the note and put it on the living room table, and when the Barkers came back, he told Ma Barker about the note.

Witness will identify photographs of Wynona Burdette and Harry Campbell.

WILLIAM FRYAN BOLTON

Will testify that he was indicted for the kidnapping of Edward G. Bremer, pled guilty, and is now serving a term of three years.

Will state he knows the gang who kidnapped Bremer and that he joined the gang about June 12, 1933.

Will identify the photographs and will testify that the following were members of the Karpis-Barker gang: Karpis, Fred Barker, Doc Barker, Harry Campbell, Volney Davis, Bill Weaver, William Harrison, Harry Sawyer, Slim Gibson, and Dolores Delaney.

Bolton will state that he and the rest of the gang, during the latter part of the year 1934, were hiding out to keep from being apprehended by the Department of Justice, and THAT DURING THIS TIME HE AND THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE GANG WERE HIDING EACH OTHER AND DOING EVERYTHING NECESSARY TO PREVENT THE ARREST AND APPREHENSION OF ANY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE GANG BY THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Note: Ask Bolton if in December, 1934, he knew whether or not Karpis-Barker gang had a contact in Miami, Florida.

Bolton will testify that the gang contact in Miami, Florida, was Joe Adams, Manager of the El Comodoro Hotel.

Bolton will state that around December 18, 1934, he, Fred Barker, Alvin Karpis, Russell Gibson, and Doc Barker, met in Toledo, Ohio, and held conversations with respect to Bolton coming to Miami, Florida. At this time Karpis asked Bolton if he would come to Miami, Florida, in order that Karpis could use Bolton for the purpose of renting houses and "fronting" for Karpis and the gang.

Note: Ask Bolton if during this conversation, Karpis did not instruct him that Bolton should contact Joe Adams ~~wick~~ at the El Comodoro Hotel, and to register as a commercial man, that Adams upon noting this fact, would come to the room and collect additional rental.

During this conversation, Karpis stated it was necessary for him to get out of the El Comodoro Hotel because Adams was charging him \$15.00 a day.

P. C. DUNN

Is Agent of the Department of Justice.

Will identify and introduce in evidence signed statement of Duke Randall, dated January 26, 1935, and will testify that this statement was taken in the Lade County Jail on the date mentioned, in the presence of himself and L. J. Metcalf, and at the time he warned Randall, before he made the statement, that anything he said would be used against him.

R. L. JONES

Will testify he was with the Department of Justice During January, 1935.

Will identify and introduce in evidence \$1000.00 bill which he received from Adams on January 21, 1935--bill has his initials and Hanson's initials on it.

Johnson will testify respecting search of Randall's room, interviews with Adams and Randall, if necessary..

*Adams - no own father
Expense acct
Angeline Ticket.*

S. K. MC KEE

Will state that he is an Agent of the Bureau;

That during May, 1935, he personally examined the records of the Western Union Telegraph Company, Miami, Florida, and there copied telegram as follows:

"(Received at Miami, Flo.)
4:34 A.M. January 1, 1935.

JOE H. ADAMS
PENTHOUSE FLORIDA NAT BANK BLDG
MIAMI FLO

HAD TOUGH BREAKS ALL THE WAY THROUGH BUT
MADE IT OK MET HARRY AND EVERYTHING IS
FINE LEAVING ON 6 O'CLOCK PLANE AND ARRIVE
1205 IN MIAMI WILL MEET YOU IN HOTEL WHEN
I GET IN

DUKE"

McKee will state that he later interviewed Duke Randall at which time Randall freely and voluntarily admitted that he had sent this message to Joe Adams while in Atlanta, Ga., enroute from ~~Katowah~~ Etowah, Tenn., to Miami.

Will identify and introduce in evidence letter dated October 13, 1935, written by Duke Randall, signed "Henry Stern", directed to R. A. Alt.

Will testify that on May 3, 1937, showed the letter to Duke Randall and at that time Randall stated it was in his handwriting and he had written the letter.

J. H. HANSON

Is Special Agent of the Department of Justice and has been employed for eight years.

Went to Duke Randall's room in the Tamiami Hotel about 8:00 a.m., January 21, 1935, accompanied by Agent Jones, and others. Hanson telephoned Randall's room and told him that he, Hanson, wanted to see him, whereupon Randall asked Hanson to come up stairs, which he did, knocking at his door, and Randall invited him in. Hanson introduced himself as Special Agent of the Department of Justice; also introduced Jones and the two detectives. Hanson told Randall that he and the officers were investigating Randall's connections with Karpis. Randall replied, "Fine, I had planned to go to the Police Department this morning to see if they wanted me for questioning in this case", adding that he had seen his name in the newspapers in connection with the escape of Karpis to Atlantic City.

Permission was requested of Randall by Hanson to search the room, and Randall's effects, to which Randall replied, "Go ahead".

Hanson will identify and introduce in evidence the following items which he found in the room of Randall and Godomo at that time, these items being found in Randall's bureau drawer:

- (12) 1. Six letters from Joe Adams to Duke Randall;
2. Statement of El Comodoro Hotel, dated 12/10/34, addressed to Duke Randall, indicating bill to El Comodoro Hotel, \$122.35 for room and cafe service for a period 11/11/34 to 12/10/34;
3. Receipt of Sutton Jewelry Company, dated 12/22/34, indicating sale to Joe Adams of 2 bar pins at cost of \$260.00;
4. Receipt of Unger Buick Company, dated 12/22/34 showing sale to Leroy Morrison of Model 1935--48 Buick coupe.

J. H. HANSON, Cont'd (2)

Hanson, or some other agent, will testify that the following exhibit was returned to Randall and if receipt for exhibit, signed by Randall, is found, same should be introduced in evidence:

5. 1935 Florida automobile registration card showing Florida tag No. 33656 had been issued to Duke Randall, El Comodoro Hotel, on January 14, 1935, on Ford coupe, Motor No. 18-1037480.

NOTE: Hanson, or some one else will testify the following exhibit was returned to Randall and a receipt received:

6. Florida Certificate of Title No. 950615-A, Application No. 53671, dated Tallahassee, Florida, November 20, 1934, showing Ford coupe, Motor 18-1037480, issued to Duke Randall, El Comodoro Hotel.

- OK 7. Card of Miller D. Bishop, Ungar Buick Company. *OK #5*

In Evidence Hanson will state that on January 2, 1935, in the presence of Agent Jones, Randall admitted that the memorandum in ink on the stationery of the Dinkler Hotel, showed the expenses incurred by him on a trip to Etowah, Tennessee, for Joe Adams.

In Evidence Hanson will state Randall admitted to him, in the presence of Agent Jones, that passenger coupe, Ticket 3021, issued by Eastern Airlines, was a ticket Randall used in making trip to Atlanta, Enroute to Etowah, Tennessee.

In Evidence On January 2, 1935, about 4:00 p.m., Joe Adams was interviewed by Hanson, in the presence of Agent Jones, and at that time Adams took the following receipt out of his bill fold: receipt, dated December 2, 1934, of the Florida Reptile Institute. Adams at this time stated that the deer head had been ordered for him by Blackburn, but that he had never received it.

Hanson will testify respecting interview with Adams on January 25, at the El Comodoro Hotel in the presence of Agent Jones. Hanson will refresh his recollection from notes in his own handwriting made at the time of the interview.

Be sure to bring out that near the end of the interview, ^{when} Hanson asked for signed statement, Adams said that he wanted to consult his friends and a lawyer to which the Agents agreed to.

J. H. HANSON, Cont'd (3)

On the following day, between 9:00 and 10:00 in the morning, at Adams' request, Hanson and Jones went to the Alcomodoro Hotel for Adams, and at Hanson's suggestion proceeded to the Halcyon Hotel, Hanson's room. At that time, Adams stated that he had not told Hanson the truth the day before and was now ready to tell the truth.

NOTE: Hanson will relate the conversation with Adams had during this interview on January 26, 1935,

Adams' statement regarding knowing William Harrison.

Interview on this date was carried on until lunch time when Adams and Jones went out to lunch and after they came back, Hanson will state they talked a very short time, whereupon Adams stated he had some business to attend to at the hotel and thereupon left.

Adams was not interviewed on Sunday, January 27.

On January 28, Adams was interviewed by Hanson but does not remember at what place.

On January 29, Adams arrived at the Cortez Hotel, about 9:00 o'clock and signed the written statement about 7:00 o'clock that same day -- bring out fact that Hanson wrote this statement in long hand and therefore took considerable time. Hanson will introduce and identify written statement signed by Adams.

Hanson will testify that at the time he searched Randall's room, and with Randall's consent, he asked Randall (about 8:00 o'clock, January 21, 1935) if he would accompany Agents to the Alcazar Hotel for the purpose of being questioned. Randall stated he would be glad to. Thereupon Randall accompanied Agent Jones to the Alcazar Hotel and in Room 611, Hanson, in the presence of Jones, began to question Randall.

Hanson will state that no one told Randall he was under arrest or did any of the agents during that day place Randall under arrest.

Hanson will state before he began questioning Randall he warned him that anything that he said or gave would be used against him, whereupon Randall said "That was all right with him, that he understood".

J. H. HANSON, Cont'd (4)

Randall remained in the room during the day he was questioned and about 11:00 o'clock signed statement.

After Randall signed the statement, Hanson told him that they would have to file a complaint against him and put him in the county jail, (this occurred about 11:00 o'clock at night) or that he could stay with them in their hotel room, providing he would consent to be handcuffed. Randall stated that he would rather do this as he did not like to go to jail and also because he was afraid that if he was put in jail that Joe Adams or members of the gang might try to dispose of him there.

Note: Bring out from Hanson that at that time of night it would have been difficult to have filed a complaint.

About 9:00 o'clock the morning of the 22nd, Agent R. L. Tollett sent in information about a gun, and Randall was then questioned by Hanson about this gun and after making the additional statement, Hanson took the signed statement of January 21st, took the last page which was signed by Randall off, and added the additional statement of that morning and then Randall signed that statement.

Note: If necessary, Hanson will identify the portion of the statement that was added. Randall signed this statement around 11:00 o'clock.

HAVE HANSON IDENTIFY AND INTRODUCE IN EVIDENCE SIGNED STATEMENT OF DUKE RANDALL, JANUARY 21, 1935.

Note: On April 10, in the morning, while Hanson was in the office of Mr. Barlow, Joe Adams came in at that time, in the presence of Hanson, told Barlow that he had told the agents all he knew about the case and that he had given the statement, and that it was true.

Around April 10, 1935, Hanson was present in the Office of the United States Attorney, with McKee and Barlow, at which time Randall was interviewed. At this time Randall stated that the statement he had given on January 21, 1935, was true.

R. D. BROWN

will state he is an Agent of the Department of Justice.

On January 16, 1935, he inspected the Bradford Home after the shooting and there found an envelope of the El Comodoro Hotel which contained three statements.

Note: Brown will identify and introduce in evidence the following three statements:

- 1: One dated October 27, 1934, showing bill for room No. 1004, for Mrs. G. Ryan;
- 2: Second statement, dated October 17, 1934, issued to Mrs. Summers and Blackburn for Room 1005.
- 3: Third statement, dated December 1, 1934, issued to G. Summers and wife for Room 905.

Brown will identify and introduce in evidence letter he found in Bradford House on January 16, 1935, which is as follows:

"Dear Mr. Adams,

I received your cablegram last night and was very glad to hear from you. If that party and Willie intend to come over here on the boat Friday, or whenever they are coming, wire Mr. Heller the day they leave and I will go down to the pier and meet them, with Mr. Heller, who will take care of everything so they will not be detained by the Customs. Tell each of them to bring a couple of cartons of cigarettes and all such things as hair tonics, razor blades, etc., that they may need while here as the prices on such things are impossible.

If that party is not coming over here some time this week, tell Willie to come and I will pay his expenses.

The weather has been fairly nice lately and no bombings or anything of that sort. We listened to the Miami news reports and they

*Show that he was
not registered at
the hotel at R. 34.
Brown in Dec.
1934.*

*Same as to
H.C. Campbell
on Dec 8-34
Same as to W. Nichols
on Dec 21-34
Brown Dec 25-34*

R. D. BROWN, Cont'd (2)

greatly exaggerated the trouble here.

Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain,

Sincerely,

Mr. Wagner."

Brown will testify that he found and will introduce in evidence the following telegram:

"3JN BX 5

MIAMI FLQ 345 P Dec 29 1934

T C BLACKBURN

CARE CARSON BRADFORD OKLAHOMA FLQ
LIKE TO SEE YOU SUNDAY

CASH
406P"

NOTE: Will identify and introduce in evidence three additional statements of the El Comodoro Hotel.

Brown will identify and introduce in evidence a note he found in the Bradford House, on January 16, 1935, after the shooting, which is as follows:

"I do hope you will enjoy this little bunch of flowers.

"Is there anything we can do for you?
Mr. Adams"

7-574-11381

Post Office Box 4907,
Jacksonville, Florida.

May 8, 1936.

Mr. John H. Hanson,
FBI U. S. Dept. of Justice,
320 Federal Bldg.,
Birmingham, Ala.

Dear Sir:-

RE: BREXID.

By letter dated May 4, 1936, addressed to the Birmingham Office, the Bureau forwarded to this office copies of a memorandum containing evidence expected to be produced by you during the hearing of a motion to suppress the statements obtained from Joseph H. Adams and Henry Luke Randall.

The Bureau instructed that this memorandum be studied so that the Agent would be prepared to testify and that any other pertinent information which might be recalled should be noted. The Jacksonville office was instructed to bring this memorandum to your attention immediately and it is being forwarded to you at Birmingham, inasmuch as it appears that you will be in that vicinity for several days.

Very truly yours,

R. B. MATHIAS,
Special Agent in Charge.

Encl.

cc - Bureau
Cincinnati
Cleveland
R. J. Connelley, Chicago.

SPECIAL DELIVERY

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11382	
FBI - JACKSONVILLE	
MAY 13 1936	
FBI - JACKSONVILLE	
FILE	

Mr. Nathan
 Mr. Tolson
 Mr. Baughman
 Chief Clerk
 Mr. Clegg
 Mr. Coffey
 Mr. Edwards
 Mr. Egan
 Mr. Foxworth
 Mr. Harbo
 Mr. Joseph
 Mr. Keith
 Mr. Lester
 Mr. Quinn
 Mr. Schilder
 Mr. Tamm
 Mr. Tracy
 Miss Gandy

TELETYPE

** DECODED COPY **

FBI LITTLE ROCK MAY 8, 1936 3-05PM DAN

DIRECTOR

SAC CLEVELAND

PHONE BREKID. ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BEING RELEASED HERE THIS AFTERNOON ORIGINATING
 HOT SPRINGS STATING GRACE GOLDSTEIN RETURNED HOT SPRINGS TODAY AND WHEN QUESTIONED
 BY REPORTERS CONCERNING HER DISAPPEARANCE STATED SHE HAD BEEN HELD BY GOVERNMENT
 AGENTS QUOTE WHILE THE KARPIS GANG WAS BEING ROUNDED UP UNQUOTE. DISPATCH FURTHER
 QUOTES HER AS STATING AGENTS TOOK HER TO ST PAUL AND SO MANY PLACES SHE COULD
 NOT REMEMBER AND THAT SHE WAS QUOTE BROUGHT BACK AND RELEASED CLOSE BY UNQUOTE
 AND QUOTE THE GOVERNMENT MEN SEEMED TO THINK THEY COULD CAPTURE THE KARPIS GANG
 BETTER IF I WAS OUT OF THE WAY UNQUOTE ABOVE INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM ASSOCIATED
 PRESS HERE WHO CALLED FOR VERIFICATION AND WAS ADVISED I KNEW OF GOLDSTEIN BUT
 KNEW NOTHING ABOUT HER STATEMENT

FLETCHER BLD

RECORDED

INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11383	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 11 1936 P. M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
FILE	

END

420 Post Office Bldg.,
Dallas, Texas.

May 7, 1936.

Postmaster,
White Deer, Texas.

Re: BREKID

Dear Sir:

Please be advised that the cover placed
by Special Agent D. W. Gleason December 11, 1935, on
the mail of R. E. Gibson and Mrs. R. E. Gibson may be
cancelled.

Please accept our thanks for your co-
operation.

Very truly yours,

F. J. BLAKE,
Special Agent in Charge.

ME

cc Bureau

7-33-

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11384	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 11 1936 A. M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
ONE	FILE

Post Office Box 812
Chicago Illinois

May 8, 1936

Special Agent in Charge
Cincinnati, Ohio

Dear Sir:

RE: BREKID

Reference is made to your two letters dated May 1, 1936 requesting photographs of certain individuals.

In view of the recent apprehension of Sam Coker and Harry Campbell the following number of photographs are being forwarded to you for possible use in the investigation of harboring charges in your Field Office District, and in those of the Offices receiving copies of this letter.

In this connection I am forwarding herewith three (3) copies of the photographs of Eddie Brennan and Joe Rich together with the originals forwarded by you to this Office. One (1) copy of the above photographs is likewise being forwarded with a copy of this letter to the Little Rock, Oklahoma City, San Antonio, Kansas City and New Orleans Offices. I likewise am forwarding herewith six (6) copies, with the originals of the photographs of Edward Siemund and Jake Gilmore. Two (2) copies of these photographs are being forwarded with a copy of this letter to the Little Rock, Oklahoma City, Dallas, San Antonio, and Cincinnati Offices, and one (1) copy is being designated for the St. Paul, Pittsburgh and New Orleans Offices. A copy of each of the above mentioned photographs is likewise being transmitted to the Bureau with its copy of this letter.

The original photographs of Grace Goldstein and Connie Hamm are being returned to your Office. Copies of these photographs are not being transmitted to the Field Offices receiving copies of this letter.

Very truly yours,

RECORDED & INDEXED

E. J. CONNELLEY

Special Agent in Charge

Special Assignment

DPS:LM

ends.

7-82 CC-Bureau-Enc.

Little Rock-Enc

Pittsburgh-Enc

MAY 13 1936

Okla. City-Enc.

San Antonio - Enc

New Orleans - Enc

MAY 11 1936

Kansas City-Enc.

Dallas - Enc

St. Paul - Enc.

June 8, 1936
9/1/36

WLB:aw
7-15

326¹/₂ Post Office Building
New Orleans, Louisiana
May 8, 1936

Special Agent in Charge,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

BREKID.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter dated May 5, 1936, in connection with information furnished you by Dr. F. B. Ricketts, of the U. S. Veterans Hospital, Minneapolis, Minnesota, regarding a man by the name of "Johnson" and two women who were living at 2912 Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, a large apartment house operated by Mrs. S. C. Brothers.

Kindly be informed that Special Agent W. L. Buchanan interviewed Mrs. S. C. Brothers, who advised that Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Johnson and daughter, Rosemary, rented an apartment from her on October 28, 1935. Mrs. Brothers stated that the Johnson family were rather peculiar people, in that they did not associate with any of the roomers of the house, and that Mr. Johnson had been sick most of the time he had lived in her house. She further stated that Rosemary, age eighteen, was employed as a clerical employee and worked in the P.W.A. office located at Washington Avenue and Prytania Street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Mrs. Brothers advised that the cracking noise heard at night was made by Mrs. Johnson, who had also been sick, and was taking a certain kind of yeast medicine that she would powder with a small hammer before taking.

Mrs. Brothers stated that the Johnsons seemed to be very nice people, had no automobile, and did not seem to have any friends whom they visited here, and that shortly after the Johnson family moved into her apartment house she was advised by Mrs. Johnson that Mr. Johnson was formerly employed by the Ford Motor Company, address unknown, and that he had had a nervous breakdown and had moved to New Orleans to take a rest.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11386
FILED IN 11386
MAY 11 1936

COPIES DESTROYED
FBI - NEW ORLEANS

Mrs. Brothers advised agent that Miss Bingham had recently moved from her apartment house and was now living in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Miss Bingham is a saleslady for the Mapleine Company and travels the State of Louisiana.

After talking with Mrs. Brothers, who seemed to be a very nice lady, agent is of the opinion that the Johnson family are nice people, and for this reason they were not interviewed by agent.

Mr. F. J. Johnson is described as - age, about 45; height, 6 feet; weight, 165 pounds; hair, dark; complexion, medium.

Mrs. F. J. Johnson is described as - a small slender woman with reddish hair, about forty years old.

Rosemary Johnson is described as - about eighteen years old, brown hair, fair complexion.

Very truly yours,

D. W. Magee,
Special Agent in Charge.

cc-
Bureau-3
Cincinnati-2
Chicago (E.J.C.)-2
Cleveland-2
St. Paul-2
Little Rock-1
New Orleans-2

420 Post Office Bldg.,
Dallas, Texas.

May 7, 1936.

Mr. David E. Cecil,
Postmaster,
Pampa, Texas.

Re: BREKID

Dear Sir:

Please be advised that the cover placed
on the mail of Mrs. R. E. Gibson, Mrs. Mildred Campbell,
Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Mackie, and Eula Bee Campbell may be
cancelled.

Please accept our sincere thanks for your
splendid cooperation in connection with this matter.

Very truly yours,

F. J. BLAKE,
Special Agent in Charge.

MH

cc Bureau
7-33-

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11387	
MAY 11 1936	
DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
FILE	FILE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT Cincinnati, Ohio

St. Louis

FILE NO.

7-43

REPORT MADE AT St. Louis, Mo.	DATE WHEN MADE 5-8-36	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 4-15, 20, 23, 29-36	REPORT MADE BY J. S. BUSH JSB:F
ALVIN KARPIS with aliases - FUGITIVE I.O.#1218; DR. JOSEPH P. MORAN with aliases I.O.#1232; HARRY CAMPBELL with aliases I.O.#1236; et al EDWARD GEORGE BREMER - VICTIM			CHARACTER OF CASE KIDNAPING; HARBORING OF FUGITIVES; OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE; NATIONAL FIREARMS ACT.
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Mrs. Genevieve French or Mrs. Jack French, a correspondent of Dorothy Fisher confined in the Women's State Prison at Tehachapi, Calif., who formerly resided at 3740 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. is presently receiving mail as Mrs. J. H. French, Carter Hotel, Cleveland, Ohio. Investigation in the vicinity of 3740 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. indicates that no one resembling William Elmer Mead has been seen in that neighborhood.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">P.</p> <p>REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent T. E. Billings, Los Angeles, Calif. dated 3-12-36. Teletype from the Indianapolis Office dated 3-19-36.</p> <p>DETAILS: In an effort to procure information with reference to Mrs. Genevieve French or Mrs. Jack French 3740 Olive St., St. Louis, Missouri, who, according to the report of reference, had corresponded with Dorothy Fisher at the Women's State Prison, Tehachapi, California, agent interviewed various persons at the College Station Post Office, Grand and Lindell, St. Louis, Missouri including mail carrier George Jordan. Mr. Jordan stated that 3740 Olive St. which is a small two story brick building owned by Mrs. Teresa Trunk, is operated as a rooming house and that Mrs. Trunk, as well as the two or three additional elderly persons residing there are very peculiar and have refused to open the door on several occasions when he had packages for delivery at that address. He stated that he knew nothing regarding the occupations of the individuals residing at that address, however that he remembered having received letters occasionally for a person named French but had never seen this individual and did not know whether this person was a man or a woman. Photographs of William Elmer Mead, as well as those of other individuals</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>Jay S. Newman</i>		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
3 Bureau 2 Chicago 2 Cleveland 2 St. Louis 2 Cincinnati 2 St. Paul 1 Los Angeles (inf.) COPIES DESTROYED		7 1576 +11388 MAY 11 AM MAY 12 1936 MAY 13 1936	
78 MAR 24 1968			

involved in this case were exhibited to Mr. Jordan, however he stated he had never seen anyone resembling these individuals at that address.

Special Agent (A) G. A. Stevens and reporting agent called at 3740 Olive St., St. Louis, Missouri and ascertained that Mrs. Teresa Trunk operates this building as a rooming house, however at the present time she has only one roomer whose name is Donald Jones and who is approximately 40 years of age. Mrs. Trunk is approximately 65 years of age and her brother-in-law August Clar, age 74 and the latter's wife also room at that address. Mr. Clar stated that Mrs. Jack French is his wife's niece and that the last time she had been seen in St. Louis was approximately one year ago at which time she came here with Jack French from some point in Florida. He stated that Jack French, who was approximately 40 years of age, died thereafter and he had not heard from Mrs. French since French died, furthermore that he and his wife do not expect to hear from her owing to the fact that they do not get along. Mr. Clar as well as the other persons interviewed at that address, stated that no mail had been received at that address for Mrs. French for two or three months and that the last letter which was directed to her at that address was returned to the sender owing to the fact that they did not know where to forward the letter. Mr. Clar stated that he does not expect to hear from Mrs. French, however that she may return to St. Louis at some future date.

Mr. George Jordan was contacted on several occasions thereafter and it was ascertained that a letter had been mailed to Mrs. J. H. French, White Apartments, 24th and Chester Ave., Cleveland, Ohio bearing return address of Charles M. Ryan, Paul Brown Building, St. Louis, Missouri, which letter was forwarded from Cleveland to 3740 Olive St., St. Louis, Missouri. Mr. Jordan stated that he placed this letter in the mailbox at 3740 Olive St. and it had not been returned to him, therefore he was of the opinion that possibly someone at the Olive St. address was either opening the mail addressed to Mrs. French or forwarding this mail to her at some unknown address, therefore agent interviewed Mr. Charles M. Ryan who is a St. Louis Attorney who stated that the property at 3740 Olive St., St. Louis, Missouri was owned by Agnes A. Ullman now deceased and that although the estate is of very little value, he was employed in connection with the settlement of the estate by Mrs. Clar and Mrs. Trunk who were the daughters of Agnes Ullman. He stated that Mrs. J. H. French's maiden name was Genevieve Ullman and that she had married J. H. French several years ago, however that shortly after the death of J. H. French, she married one Johnson, but divorced Johnson in Cleveland, Ohio during the month of May, 1935. With reference to Mrs. J. H. French, Mr. Ryan stated that she had corresponded with him on two or three occasions

within the past year regarding the estate and that the last address she furnished him was the White Apartments, 24th and Chester Ave., Cleveland, Ohio and that he had addressed a letter to her at that address recently, but received no reply. therefore he had concluded that her mail was being forwarded to the Olive St. address in St. Louis and that either Mrs. Clar or Mrs. Trunk was opening this mail. He stated that Mrs. French called at his office approximately one year ago regarding the estate and he described her as being approximately 35 years of age, dark and slender. He further stated he had learned that when she lived in St. Louis a number of years ago, she associated with one Mark Gumpertz, a gambler who operated the Fauna Flora at Kirkwood, Missouri and indicated to agent that it was his opinion Mrs. French lived with Gumpertz as well as several other men in various sections of the country. In this connection, he stated that she is the impulsive and nervous type and of questionable character. Mr. Ryan stated that Mrs. French will probably contact him at a later date with reference to the estate of Agnes Ullman and that he will immediately notify this agent in the event he procures information with reference to her present whereabouts.

Subsequent to the interview with Mr. Ryan, it was ascertained from Mr. Jordan that he had picked up a letter from a letter box in the neighborhood of 3740 Olive St., addressed to Mr. J. H. French, Carter Hotel, Cleveland, Ohio, therefore the Cleveland Office is being requested to endeavor to locate Mrs. French to ascertain the identity of all her associates. It is observed the Cleveland Office was furnished copies of the report of reference.

Immediately upon receipt of the teletype of reference from the Indianapolis Office indicating that one Fer L Ahman who was seen in Evansville, Indiana is identical with William Elmer Mead, a memorandum was sent to law enforcement officials in the St. Louis District furnishing the description of Charles Levi as well as the description of the automobile in which they were traveling.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

CLEVELAND OFFICE at Cleveland, Ohio is requested to locate Mrs. J. H. French, Carter Hotel or through the White Apartments, 24th and Chester Ave., and ascertain the identity of her associates.

PENDING.

1616 Federal Reserve Bank Bldg.,
Kansas City, Missouri,
May 9, 1936.

Special Agent in Charge
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Dear Sir:

RE: BREKID

With reference to the letter from the Bureau to all field offices dated April 23, 1936, relative to checking unsolved bank robbery files for any information concerning new or uncut currency that may have constituted a part of loot in such cases, this is to advise that a check of the files of the Kansas City office fails to reflect any pertinent information in regard thereto.

Very truly yours,

W. A. SMITH
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

W.H-cc
cc-Bureau
Cincinnati
Chicago
Cleveland

RECORDED

7-57-

MAY 12 1936

7-576-11389	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 11 1936 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
ONE	FILE

KRM:LL

May 16, 1936

RECORDED

7-576-11390

Special Agent in Charge,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Re: ALVIN KARPIS, with aliases; et al;
EDWARD GEORGE BREMER - VICTIM.
KIDNAPING.

Dear Sir:

The Bureau is in receipt of an anonymous communication from Toledo, Ohio, dated May 8, 1936, which indicates strongly that police officers or members of other law enforcement agencies may have been associated with Harry Campbell prior to his apprehension. I am, therefore, forwarding to you herewith photostatic copies of the anonymous letter, with the request that the information contained therein receive very vigorous and thorough attention.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

cc Cincinnati (with photostatic copy of inclosure)
Mr. E. J. Connelley at Chicago (with photostatic copy
of inclosure)
St. Paul (with photostatic copy of inclosure)

Inclosure No. 11416

AIR MAIL

SPECIAL DELIVERY

MAY 16 1936
P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Nathan	_____
Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Baughman	_____
Chief Clerk	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Coffey	_____
Mr. Edwards	_____
Mr. Egan	_____
Mr. Foxworth	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Joseph	_____
Mr. Keith	_____
Mr. Lester	_____
Mr. Quinn	_____
Mr. Schilder	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

COPY FILED IN 62-39826

W. J. [Signature]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FROM: DIVISION #1 & DIVISION #2

1936.

TO:

Director
Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Clegg

Files Section
Personnel Files
Chief Clerk's Office
Identification Division
Technical Laboratory
Division Three

SUPERVISORS

Mr. Chambers
Mr. Emrich
Mr. Fletcher
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Hood
Mr. Johnson
Mr. Lindquist

Mr. McIntosh
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Smith
Mr. Soucy
Mr. Spear
Mr. Vincent
Mr. Weeks

* * *

Miss Gandy
Mrs. Fisher
Miss Gallavan
Miss Conlon
Mr. Ward
Typists
M

See Me
Send File
Call me
Correct
Re-write
Re-date
Note and Return
Search, serialize and route

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Baughman
Chief Clerk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Egan
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Keith
Mr. Lester
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Schilder
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

*This should be looked
into. J. E. H.*

E. A. TAMM - 5742.

ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATION
KEEP ENVELOPE ATTACHED

Toledo, Ohio, May 8, 1936.

J. Edgar Hoover,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir: Yesterday after the capture of the kidnapper on Monroe Street, there were several young women talking the matter over, and one of them said, "what seems so funny to me is that I have seen a city policeman and two women come out of that place more than a dozen times, about six thirty in the morning when I go to work, he had on a uniform with three gold stripes on his sleeve, and they were always carrying what seemed to be a fireless cooker, and drove away in a Terreplane auto" -- evidently feeding the bird. Very sorry to knock our own police department, but a crook is a crook no matter where he is located, and if this evidence is of any value to your department, hope you use it to twist the necks of some of our weak kneed police, who always advertise in the news papers just when they are going to make a raid, and far enough ahead to make it perfectly safe.

Set. Cleveland,
cc - Cincinnati, Mr. Con
nelly at Chicago, &
St. Paul - 5/16/36.
AK

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 20 1936

7-576-11390	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 11 1936 P. M.	
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
TAMM	ONE FILE



Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
U.S. Secret Service Dept.,
Washington, D.C.

COPY

Louisville, Ky.
5/9/36.

Dear Sir:

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Sir I am.

Remedy

a writing you a few lines in regards of this man William Mahan. Which was apprehended. I am the man really was the cause of these men being captured. Alvin Karpis was captured here in Louisville Ky. Between third and Farth Street on Jefferson. I turned him over to the authority of the Law. I am in rolled with the institute of Applied Science with Mr. F. G. Cooke, at 1920 Sunnyside Ave. Ravenswood Station, Chicago, Illinois. My name is David A. Powers my address is 435 East madison Street Louisville, Ky. I am a poor man. have no job. I finished the course by selling newspapers here. I am sending you a clip which was run in the newspaper. Louisville times.

David A. Powers 1977-D
435 E. Madison St.
Louisville, Ky

ORIGINAL FILED IN 7-1367

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 20 1936

7-576-11391	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 11 1936 A.M.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
TWO	FILE

RECORDED

KRM:TD
7-576-11391

May 15, 1936

Mr. David A. Powers,
436 East Madison Street,
Louisville, Kentucky.

Dear Sir:

With reference to your letter of May 9, 1936, in which you advise that you are responsible for the apprehension of William Mahan and Alvin Karpis and in which you further advise that Karpis was captured in Louisville, Kentucky, I wish to inform you that the apprehension of each of these individuals was the result of investigations conducted by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

William Mahan was apprehended by Special Agents in San Francisco, California on May 7, 1936, while Alvin Karpis was apprehended by Special Agents in New Orleans, Louisiana on May 1, 1936.

I wish to thank you for the newspaper clippings which you forwarded to me.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 7-1367

6/1/36

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

EAT:CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

May 9, 1936.

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Baughman
Chief Clerk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Egan
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Keith
Mr. Lester
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Schilder
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

Time - 11:15 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

I telephoned the Cleveland Office and talked with Special Agent Wynn, inquiring of him if the letter had been sent to the Bureau last night of the memoranda submitted by the Agents concerning their knowledge of the Toledo Police Department. He said that due to certain delays, this letter did not leave the office until three o'clock this morning, but that it was sent air mail, special delivery. In this letter was the memorandum from Mr. Wynn relative to the hospital incident involving the Post Office Inspectors.

Respectfully,

E. A. TAMM.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

JUL 5 - 1936

7-576-11391X	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 15 1936 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
NATHAN TOLSON ONE	FILE

PARTIALLY
DEINDEXED
THIS SERIAL ONLY
4/16/50 23

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-31066-28
62-20602-173
46-1087-23

Jackey Corporation
Post Office Inspectors
Edward Bremer
Alvin Karpis
Harry Campbell
Toledo Police Department
San Antonio

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

326 1/2 Post Office Building,
New Orleans, La.
May 4, 1936.

DWM/cw.
7-15.

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

Dear Sir:

Re: BREKID.

I am transmitting herewith the original and three copies of a verbal statement taken by Special Agents W. L. Buchanan and R. L. Tollett at the New Orleans Bureau Office on May 3, 1936, from Fred Hunter, indicating Hunter's association with Alvin Karpis, Subject Campbell, and others, since the early part of the year 1935.

Hunter refused to sign this statement but informed the agents that it was a correct and true statement.

Two copies of this statement will be forwarded to Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley at Cleveland, Ohio, marked personal and confidential.

The remaining copies will be placed in the personal and confidential file at New Orleans, Louisiana.

Very truly yours,

D. W. Magee,
Special Agent in Charge.

COPIES DESTROYED

78 MAR 24 1965

encs.

cc-
2-E. J. Connelley.

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11392	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 12 1936 A. M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
FOURSON	FILE

WLB:cw.
7-15.

New Orleans, La.
May 3, 1936.

MEMORANDUM:

Re: BREKID.

While Special Agent R. L. Tollett and the writer were questioning Fred Hunter, he made a brief statement which was put in writing, but he refused to sign it. He admitted to agents, verbally, that about two and one-half months after Karpis and Campbell were jumped by the Atlantic City, New Jersey, Police, during the early part of 1935, they contacted him at the Hollyhock Night Club in Warren, Ohio, and that Karpis told him he had been sent to Hunter by a friend, and he wanted Hunter to help them secure a hide-out. Hunter further stated that at the time he met Karpis and Campbell, he thought Campbell was Tommy Touhy, but he found out shortly afterwards that he was Harry Campbell; that a few days after meeting Karpis and Campbell at Warren, he, Hunter, left for Hot Springs, Arkansas, to receive treatment for a venereal disease, and he told Karpis that he would look around while in Hot Springs and make an effort to locate a place for him to stay. Hunter stated that he left for Hot Springs about the latter part of May, 1935, and stayed in Hot Springs about five weeks, stopping at some small hotel near the Hotel Como. On returning to Warren, Ohio, sometime during the first part of June, he met Karpis and Campbell, and at that time they seemed to have had a falling out and split up and Campbell left. A few days later, Hunter and Karpis left Warren, Ohio, driving a 1935 model Chevrolet Coupe which belonged to Karpis, and they drove to Hot Springs, Arkansas, arriving there sometime about the middle of June, 1935. Hunter stated that before leaving Warren with Karpis he was aware of his identity, as well as Harry Campbell's identity, and that he knew Karpis was wanted by the federal government for kidnaping. Hunter refused to furnish the name of the person who had referred Karpis and Campbell to him.

Hunter stated that somewhere on their trip between Warren, Ohio, and Hot Springs, Arkansas, they bought a newspaper which carried a story of some robbery, and that Karpis seemed to be very nervous and they drove quite a distance out of the way in order not to be stopped by officers. On arriving at Hot Springs, Hunter stated he used the name of Harold King and Karpis used the name of Ed King. He did not recall which one of them suggested using these names. He stated they rented a cottage near Lake Hamilton, which is located about eight or ten miles from Hot Springs, he thought on highway #7 but was not sure of this. This house is located a short distance from the highway. Hunter advised that Karpis stayed in pretty close the first few days they were in Hot Springs, and that he, Hunter, rented the house and bought the groceries and other things that they needed, but after a few days he and Karpis went to a house of prostitution located on Central Avenue in Hot Springs, which was operated by one Grace Goldstein. Hunter stated that he did not recall who referred them to this place but he thought it might have been some bar tender or cab driver, and that he and Karpis visited this place quite often. Karpis did not go with any of the girls in the place except Grace, as far as he knew, but he, Hunter, started to go with Connie Morris shortly after he met her and

COPIES DESTROYED

75 MAR 22 1966

7-576-11392

CC to Mr. C. J. 7-1-36

was with her most of the time from then until his arrest in New Orleans.

Hunter stated that he made several attempts to buy a short wave police radio for his automobile but that the different places where he made inquiry questioned him pretty closely as to why he wanted a short wave set, and he was never able to purchase one. He stated that Karpis always had a radio installed on his car for the purpose of catching news flashes during the day and night - which might be of value to him.

Hunter advised that they read most of the papers where they were, and also several detective magazines, which usually carried some stories about Karpis and other criminals, and at different times Karpis would become very angry about some of the stories mentioned in the magazines and newspapers.

Hunter stated that some time about the first of September, Karpis drove him to Little Rock, Arkansas, where he, Hunter, caught a plane to Cleveland, Ohio, and from Cleveland he proceeded to New York on the Pennsylvania Railroad and attended the Baer-Louis prize fight and stayed in New York for about a week. He did not remember the name of the hotel at which he stopped. On leaving New York he caught a plane back to Cleveland, and from Cleveland he caught a bus back to Hot Springs, where he again contacted Karpis, who was still living at the cabin near Lake Hamilton, and that sometime about the middle of November, he and Connie Morris hired a plane at Hot Springs and flew to San Antonio, Texas, and visited Connie's sister, Mrs. Glen Kirkpatrick for about a week. On leaving San Antonio, he and Connie traveled by bus to Corpus Christi, Texas, and stopped at the Princess Louise Hotel, under the name of Mr. and Mrs. Harold King, where they stayed for about two weeks.

Hunter would not admit that he bought a Ford Coupe at Corpus Christi, but he did say he had a 1936 Ford Coupe stashed at Corpus Christi, but would not state where. He stated that after leaving Corpus Christi, he and Connie drove to Galveston, Texas, where they stopped at Hawkins' Tourist Camp for several nights, and then drove to New Orleans and stopped at the Arrow Tourist Camp for one night. Hunter stated he was intending to stay in New Orleans longer but shortly after arriving at the Arrow Tourist Camp some uniformed officer began to look his automobile over and he, Hunter, became suspicious and afraid he would be arrested, and he left early the next morning for Hot Springs, Arkansas, where he stopped at the Mountain View Tourist Camp, using the name of Mr. and Mrs. Harold King. He said that Karpis and Grace Goldstein visited him and Connie while they were staying at the Mountain View Tourist Camp, on several occasions, and about ten days later he and Connie drove to Frederick, Oklahoma, and Connie proceeded by bus to Davidson, Oklahoma, to visit her parents, and he stopped at the Frederick Hotel in Frederick, Oklahoma, staying there about a week and leaving a day or so before Christmas, returning to Hot Springs, where he spent Christmas day, again stopping at the Mountain View Tourist Camp. Karpis and Grace Goldstein visited them on several occasions.

Hunter stated that sometime in early January, 1936, he and Connie drove to Corpus Christi, Texas, in his, Hunter's, Ford Coupe, and stopped at the Grande Tourist Camp in Corpus Christi, he and Connie occupying one cabin. On arriving at Corpus Christi they met Karpis, who had driven down either in his new Buick Sedan or his Chevrolet Coupe, the one they drove from Warren, Ohio, to

Hot Springs in June of 1935. Hunter stated that he was not positive which car Karpis used on this trip.

Hunter stated that they stayed a few days in Corpus Christi and Karpis decided to go to Galveston, Texas, to do some fishing and was supposed to meet Hunter there, but Hunter missed him some way and drove to Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, where he stopped at the Tropical Inn. Hunter stated that he had an agreement with Karpis before leaving Corpus Christi that he would meet him at a later date in Hot Springs, Arkansas, and on leaving Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, he and Connie drove on to Tallahassee, Florida, stopping at a tourist camp for one night, and then drove to Osceola, Florida, and spent a night and part of a day, and then drove on to Orlando, stopping at a tourist park near Orlando, where he stayed for about three weeks, fishing nearly every day at Lake Apopka. On leaving Orlando he drove to Tampa, Florida, and stopped at a rooming house on Nebraska Avenue. This was during the fair, and they stayed there about ten days or two weeks. On leaving Tampa he drove to Naples, Florida, and stopped at a tourist camp at the edge of town, staying there one night. On leaving there he drove to Homestead, Florida, and spent about three days fishing at Key Largo. On leaving Homestead he drove to Melbourne, Florida, and stayed at a tourist camp overnight, then drove on to Daytona Beach, where he again stopped for a night and left for St. Augustine, where he spent one or two days. On leaving St. Augustine he stopped at Live Oak, Florida, for a day and then drove to Biloxi, Mississippi, staying there for a night and leaving for New Orleans the following day, arriving in New Orleans about the 5th of March, 1936.

Hunter stated that he did not hear from Karpis during the time he and Connie were in Florida for a period of about ten weeks. Hunter stated that he stopped at the Dixie Tourist Cabins at the edge of New Orleans and spent about a week there, when he and Connie left and drove to Hot Springs, Arkansas, stopping at a tourist camp about two blocks from the Mountain View Tourist Camp, but he was unable to recall the name of this place where he stayed for about two days. On arriving at Hot Springs, Connie called Grace and told her they were back in town and shortly afterwards Karpis contacted him at this tourist camp. Karpis informed him that he had rented a house about eight miles from Hot Springs near Lake Catherine, which Karpis referred to as the house on the hill. About two or three days after he and Connie arrived in Hot Springs, they moved out to the house on the hill with Karpis, where they stayed until about the 26th or 27th of March, at which time Connie obtained some information from a man by the name of Brock, to the effect that the officers were close on their trail. Hunter stated that a few hours after receiving this information from Connie, which was late one afternoon, about four or five o'clock, they packed hurriedly and he and Connie left in his Ford Coupe and drove to Alexandria, Louisiana, and spent the night, leaving early the next morning for Rockport, Texas, where they met Karpis, who had driven from Hot Springs to Corpus Christi, Texas, in his red Buick Sedan. Hunter stated that he had an agreement with Karpis before leaving this place that he would meet him at the tourist camp at Rockport the following day. Hunter stated that Karpis knew this Buick would be too hot for him to drive and they stored it in a garage at Corpus Christi, and after staying at Rockport for approximately two weeks he and Karpis and Connie drove to New Orleans, where he, Hunter, rented an apartment at 3343 Canal Street under the name of Edward O'Hara, where he and

Connie lived until their arrest.

Hunter stated that Karpis rented an apartment at 3300 St. Charles Avenue in New Orleans, but that he spent most of his time and took most of his meals with him, Hunter, and Connie. Hunter stated that on Monday afternoon, April 27, he and Karpis were listening to the radio at his, Hunter's, apartment, when a news flash was broadcast to the effect that Alvin Karpis, Fred Hunter, Harry Campbell and others were wanted by the Post Office Department for participating in the Garrettsville, Ohio, mail robbery, and that Karpis left the following morning for some point in Mississippi, to be gone about ten days on a fishing trip, and that he did not see or hear from Karpis until Friday morning, May 1st, at which time Karpis came to his apartment at 3343 Canal Street, New Orleans.

Hunter stated that he was aware of Karpis' identity and knew that he was badly wanted by the federal government for kidnaping in the Hamm and Bremer cases as well as several other jobs, and that on numerous occasions they would hear news flashes over the radio about certain jobs that Karpis was wanted for and that he remembered particularly Karpis became very angry on reading an article in a magazine about Ma Barker and her sons, Fred and Arthur, and that Karpis talked quite a bit about the Bremer kidnaping at this time. Hunter stated that he could not recall just what Karpis had said and it should be noted that when agents questioned him closely, he was reluctant to talk.

Hunter stated that he thought he and Karpis were in Hot Springs, Arkansas, at the time William Weaver and Myrtle Eaton, subjects in the Bremer case, were arrested in Florida, and that Karpis was a little nervous at this time as the newspapers carried a big story giving an account of Weaver's arrest and also a large picture of Karpis and other subjects who were still wanted in this case.

While Hunter did make a short statement, he refused to sign it, but the admissions made by him, as contained in the statement and this letter, were heard by Agents Tollett and Bowman, as well as the writer.

Hunter stated that he thought he would plead guilty to the harboring charge as he knew this Bureau had a good case against him, and that as he was arrested with Karpis, it would be useless for him to try to fight the case. He seemed to be very much disturbed about the mail robbery job that he was wanted on and stated that even if he did produce alibi witnesses, he would be convicted. Hunter denied any knowledge of this mail robbery and refused to make any statement.

Hunter was shown the picture of Harry Campbell on I.O. 1236 and stated that this was a very poor picture of Campbell and that he looked too fat; that the last time he talked with Campbell in June of 1935, he was very skinny and thin faced; that his jaws were sunken and he still walked with a bad limp.

Hunter admitted seeing Milton Lett in Hot Springs one time but was very reluctant to talk about Lett and claims he did not know him by that name.

Hunter was shown Dr. Joseph P. Moran's picture and stated that he did not know Doc Moran but that Karpis had often stated he would like to run across Moran;

that Karpis seemed very mad at Moran on account of his plastic operation, which was performed by Dr. Moran and was a complete failure. Hunter stated that Karpis never told him when this operation was performed nor where it was performed but that on several occasions he had stated that he would like to meet Doc Moran and talk to him. Hunter stated that Karpis was of the opinion that Moran was still living.

Hunter stated that Karpis had informed him that Moran had cut his, Karpis', fingertips nearly to the bone, explaining that he shaved them like sharpening a pencil, and that Karpis had said the operation was very painful. Hunter stated that Karpis had told him on numerous occasions that Willie Harrison, a subject in the Bremer case, was somewhere in South America.

W. L. Buchanan.

W. L. Buchanan,
Special Agent.

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
DOMESTIC	CABLE
TELEGRAM	FULL RATE
DAY LETTER	DEFERRED
NIGHT MESSAGE	NIGHT LETTER
NIGHT LETTER	SHIP RADIOGRAM

Patrons should check class of service desired; otherwise message will be transmitted as a full-rate communication.

WESTERN UNION

R. B. WHITE
PRESIDENT

NEWCOMB CARLTON
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

J. G. WILLEVER
FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT

1206-A

CHECK
ACCT'G INFMN.
TIME FILED

Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

Salt Lake City, Utah.
May 8, 1936.

E.P. CARVILLE,
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY,
RENO, NEVADA.

TO: RENO, NEVADA. RE: BREKID.

REFERENCE YOUR TELEPHONE CONVERSATION YESTERDAY NEWYORK OFFICE ADVISES
AUTOMOBILE LICENSE YOU FURNISHED APPARENTLY INCORRECT AS ALL NEWYORK
LICENSES ARE PRECEDED BY LETTER TO ALPHABET.

BORER.

WAR:J
cc - Bureau

RECORDED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11393	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 12 1936 A. M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
ONE	FILE

THE QUICKEST, SUREST AND SAFEST WAY TO SEND MONEY IS BY TELEGRAPH OR CABLE

Edw. Brown

Wg

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice
326 1/2 Post Office Building,
New Orleans, La.
May 4, 1936.

DWM:cw.
7-15.

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Dear Sir:

Re: BREKID.

I am transmitting herewith, by air mail special delivery, personal and confidential, signed statement secured from Ruth Ham Robison, alias Connie Morris, alias Ruth Ham, which statement was secured by Special Agents W. L. Buchanan and R. L. Tollett at New Orleans, Louisiana, on May 3, 1936.

Two copies of this statement are being forwarded personal and confidential to Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley at Cleveland, Ohio. The remaining copies are being retained in the personal and confidential file at New Orleans.

Very truly yours,

D. W. Magee,
Special Agent in Charge.

encls.

cc-
E. J. Connelley,
Cleveland.

AIR MAIL
SPECIAL DELIVERY

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAY 13 1936

7-576-11394	
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
MAY 12 1936 A. M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
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Handwritten notes: "K 98 on B 7U HAD ST 2"

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.
May 3, 1936.

I, Ruth Hamm Robsion, also known as Connie Morris, make the following voluntary statement to Special Agent W. L. Buchanan and Special Agent R. L. Tollett, after being informed as to my constitutional rights and told that I do not have to make a statement:

I was born November 25, 1917, at Davidson, Oklahoma. My father's name is J. L. Hamm, and my mother's name is Gertrude Hamm. I have four sisters and four brothers. I attended school at Davidson, Oklahoma, to the Ninth Grade, at which time I married Melvin Robsion, of Frederick, Oklahoma, on October 23, 1932, and lived with him for about one year, at which time I quit him and hitch hiked to Hot Springs, Arkansas.

On arriving at Hot Springs, Arkansas, I got acquainted with a man by the name of "Floyd" who worked at a gasoline filling station. He gave me some money and sent me to a hotel, and a day or two later he introduced me to Grace Goldstein, who at that time was running a house of prostitution located at 1338 Central Street. I stayed at the above mentioned address for several weeks and Grace moved her location to 123 Palm Street, Hot Springs, Arkansas, where I filled dates up until the end of June 1935.

Early in June 1935, and about two or three weeks before Grace Goldstein moved from 123 Palm Street, I met two men who introduced themselves as Harold King and Ed. King, whom I now know to be Fred Hunter and Alvin Karpis.

Grace Goldstein moved her house and her business to the Hatterie Hotel about the first of July 1935. Hunter and Karpis made about eight visits to the house at 123 Palm Street, and continued their visits after we moved to the Hatterie Hotel. Hunter and Karpis told me and the others around the house that they were night club operators from Ohio and often kidded us about giving us jobs. I had two or three dates with Hunter at 123 Palm Street, although I never had a date with Karpis there or at any time since then.

About August 1, 1935, I went to the hospital to receive treatment for a venereal disease. Between the time that I met Fred Hunter and the time I went to the hospital we had become quite good friends and he told me that he would pay my hospital bill. I stayed about two weeks in the hospital the first time, and then returned to the Hatterie Hotel, where I stayed for only about a week, when it became necessary for me to again go to the hospital, at which place I was operated on on August 26, 1935. I was operated on by Dr. T. N. Black, whose office is in the Medical Arts Building at Hot Springs, Arkansas. Fred Hunter paid all of my hospital and doctor bills and also gave me spending money while I was in the hospital. Both Hunter and Karpis sent me flowers while I was sick.

cc to m c
7/1/76

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K
X

When I first met Hunter and Karpis they were living at a cabin on Lake Hamilton near Hot Springs, Arkansas. They had a 1935 Ford Coupe which they later traded for a 1935 Hudson Coupe. Both of them used the same car. Hunter never dated any of the girls besides myself at the Hatterie Hotel, and I do not believe that Karpis dated any of the girls either.

Karpis and Grace Goldstein became very friendly and Grace and I often visited Karpis and Hunter at their cabin on Lake Hamilton. At no time did I ever see any men other than Hunter and Karpis at the cabin on Lake Hamilton, and the only woman I ever saw there was Grace Goldstein.

On one occasion when Karpis and Hunter came to the Hatterie Hotel, they had two men with them, one of whom they called "Tommie," and I don't remember by what name they called the other man. I remember Tommie to be about twenty-two years of age, about five feet ten inches tall, of medium build, and he had dark hair. I believe I could recognize a photograph of Tommie if I were shown one. He was neatly dressed. I do not know where he was from and I have not seen him since that time.

The only thing that I remember about the other fellow with Karpis and Hunter was that he was just an ordinary looking young man.

When I got out of the hospital I returned to the Hatterie Hotel. I have never lived with anyone in Hot Springs other than Grace Goldstein, with the exception of the few weeks I lived with Fred Hunter.

Shortly after I left the hospital, Hunter made a trip out of town. He advised me that he went to New York City to see the Baer-Louis fight. I do not believe that Karpis accompanied him on this trip.

I do not know exactly how Karpis and Hunter ever came to visit Grace Goldstein's place at 123 Palm Street, but as I recall they were sent there by some bartender in Hot Springs. When Hunter returned from his trip we continued to see each other until about November 15, 1935, when he and I went to visit my sister in San Antonio, Texas, in an airplane which belonged to someone in Hot Springs. Although I saw Hunter and Karpis regularly between the time I left the hospital and the time of my departure for San Antonio, Texas, I did not see them every day. I believe they were still living at Lake Hamilton during this time. Hunter and I stayed about one week with my sister in San Antonio, Texas. My sister's name is Mrs. Glenn F. Kirkpatrick, and at that time she was living on San Pedro Street. Both Hunter and I stayed with my sister, whom I advised that we were married.

K
x

Hunter and I went from San Antonio to Corpus Christi, Texas, by bus and stopped at the Princess Louise Hotel where we registered as Mr. and Mrs. Harold King. We were at this hotel about two weeks, during which time Hunter bought a 1936 Ford Coupe. While in Corpus Christi we did not see Karpis or anyone else previously known to us. After our two weeks' stay in Corpus Christi, we went to Galveston in the Ford Coupe and stayed two or three nights at Hawkins Tourist Cabins. We drove from there to New Orleans, Louisiana, where we stayed one night at the Arrow Tourist Camp. We went from New Orleans back to Hot Springs, Arkansas, going through Mississippi. Upon arrival in Hot Springs we stopped at the Mountain View Tourist Camp, registering there as Mr. and Mrs. Harold King.

I visited Grace Goldstein at the Hatterie Hotel while we were stopping at the Mountain View Tourist Camp. Grace Goldstein visited us at the cabin and so did Karpis, although they were never there together.

After about two weeks Hunter drove me as far as Frederick, Oklahoma, from which place I took a bus and visited my mother at Davidson, Oklahoma. Hunter remained in Frederick, Oklahoma, where he stayed at the Frederick Hotel. I left my mother's home a day or two before Christmas 1935 and Fred Hunter and I were back in Hot Springs for Christmas Day. We again stopped at the Mountain View Tourist Camp.

Karpis was in town and we saw him as well as Grace Goldstein.

After about a two weeks' stay in Hot Springs, Arkansas, I accompanied Karpis and Hunter in Hunter's Ford Coupe to Corpus Christi, Texas, where Hunter and I stayed in a cabin at the Grande Tourist Camp. Karpis occupied another cabin in the same camp. After a few days in Corpus Christi, Fred Hunter and I left in the Ford Coupe for a trip to Florida. We left Karpis in Corpus Christi.

We went to Florida by way of Houston, Texas, and New Orleans, Louisiana. We spent the first night at the Tropical Inn near Bay St. Louis, Mississippi.

The next night we spent at a tourist camp at Tallahassee, Florida, another night at Ocala, Florida, and spent quite a while at Orlando, Florida, probably two or three weeks, going to Lake Apopka to fish. We stopped at Tampa, Florida, staying at a rooming house on Nebraska Avenue, during the Fair, and at Tampa Springs, for a period of about two weeks. We stopped at a tourist camp one night at Naples, Florida, and stayed at a hotel at Homestead, Florida, for two or three days, going to Key Largo to fish. We stopped at a tourist camp at Melbourne, stopped overnight at Daytona Beach, stayed one day at San Augustine, Florida, stopped at Live Oak, Florida, through Biloxi and Gulfport, Mississippi, arriving New Orleans, Louisiana, about March 5, 1936.

While we were in Florida I do not recall Hunter meeting anyone that he had known previously. We fished and saw the scenery and took life easy. I think Hunter received one letter from Karpis while we were some place in Florida.

While at Orlando, Florida, we made plans to be back in New Orleans for the Mardi Gras and I telegraphed Grace Goldstein at Hot Springs for Ruth's address in New Orleans. I do not know Ruth's correct name. She formerly worked for Grace at Hot Springs, Arkansas, where I met her. My telegram to Grace was not answered. Upon our arrival in New Orleans we stopped at the Dixie Cabins, where we spent about a week. We had no contact with any people previously known to us while staying at New Orleans.

From New Orleans we went to Hot Springs, Arkansas, where we stopped at a tourist camp which is about two blocks from the Mountain View Tourist Camp. We were there only two or three nights. I called Grace upon our arrival but she was out. I called her again the next day and she came over to the tourist camp and took me to the Hatterie Hotel where I visited with the girls. Karpis was in town and had rented a house located across the road from Lake Catherine about seven or eight miles from Hot Springs, Arkansas, and Hunter and I went out there to live with him after spending two or three nights at the tourist camp.

Hunter took me out to the house by Lake Catherine the first time I went out there. Karpis was there, although I do not know how he got back from Corpus Christi, Texas. I stayed at the house for a few nights.

One night I got tight and drove Hunter's car to Hot Springs, Arkansas. He and I had a fuss about my driving the car into town and I stayed at the Hatterie Hotel after that. Grace and I often visited Karpis and Hunter at the house near Lake Catherine after I began to live at the Hatterie Hotel. At no time did I ever see anyone other than we four at this house.

On or about the 26th of March, 1936, a taxi driver named Brock who lives in Hot Springs, Arkansas paid me a visit at the Hatterie Hotel. He drank considerable beer but I did not drink anything. He got quite drunk during the evening and told me that I had been running around with Fred Hunter and Alvin Karpis.

Although I referred to Karpis and Hunter in the preceding parts of my statement, up until this time I knew them only as Harold King and Ed. King.

I was quite excited at what Brock had told me. Grace did not come in until the next afternoon, at which time I advised her of what Brock had said. We made arrangements to immediately notify Karpis and Hunter. I took a taxi from the Hatterie Hotel to the Marquette Hotel, where I got out and went in the front door. I went through the lobby and out the back door where I got in the car with Grace Goldstein, who drove me to a night club about four blocks from the house where Karpis and Hunter were living near Lake Catherine. When Grace let me out she probably went back to town. I walked alone to the house where I told the boys about what Brock had said. Immediate plans were made for departure. I don't remember who left first, nor did I know where Hunter and I were going when we left. Hunter and I spent that night in Alexandria, Louisiana. At about 6 p. m. the next day Hunter and I arrived at a tourist camp near Rockport, Texas. Karpis was already there and I suppose he came in his red Buick Sedan, which was there. We all three stayed there for about two weeks. We were contacted by no people that we had previously known.

Karpis left his Buick at Corpus Christi, Texas, and Hunter, Karpis, and I came to New Orleans, Louisiana in Hunter's Ford Coupe. Upon arrival in New Orleans, Louisiana, Hunter rented an apartment for him and me at 3343 Canal Street. Karpis got an apartment at another address in New Orleans.

Grace Goldstein spent about a week in New Orleans shortly after Hunter, Karpis, and I came there, and while in New Orleans she visited Hunter and me on Canal Street. I do not know how she found out where we were nor how she came to New Orleans, and neither do I know how she returned to Hot Springs.

While Hunter and I were living at 3343 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, we used the name of Mr. and Mrs. E. O'Hara.

Karpis visited Hunter and me at 3343 Canal Street and took some of his meals with us at New Orleans, Louisiana. I do not know where his apartment was and I was never over there. I know that he made trips out of town but I do not know where to.

I was arrested on the afternoon of May 1, 1936, in the apartment on Canal Street, #3343 Canal, New Orleans, Louisiana, just after Fred Hunter and Alvin Karpis were arrested as they were entering Hunter's Plymouth Coupe parked at the side door.

Hunter obtained the Plymouth Coupe after our arrival in New Orleans. Karpis purchased a Terraplane Coupe after our arrival in New Orleans.

During the times I traveled with Hunter I noticed that he carried a pistol but I did not think this unusual since many travelers carry guns.

I thought the rifles that Karpis carried were for hunting.

*Ruth Hansen
Robison*

Witnessed:

W. L. Buchanan
Special Agent,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

A. L. Lallier
Special Agent,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH

MAY 6, 1936

CHICAGO ILLINOIS

8-50 PM

DECODED COPY

W A SMITH
U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
1616 FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUILDING
KANSAS CITY MISSOURI

George
ns
BREKID CHARLES O. LONG BEING HELD THIS OFFICE ADMITS STEERING
MARTIN WUNDERLICH TO SAINT LOUIS FOR TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLAR
SWINDLE IN LATTER PART OF NINETEEN THIRTY THREE LONG ADMITS
RECEIVING ONE HUNDRED TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR HIS SHARE LONG
ASSOCIATES WERE WILLIAM ELMER MEADE GEORGE CHILDS AND SAM HARRIS
BUREAU REQUESTS WUNDERLICH BE CONTACTED TO ASCERTAIN IF HE WILL
TESTIFY AGAINST LONG IN STATE COURT LAST KNOWN ADDRESS WUNDERLICH
CONTAINED IN SUMMARY REPORT YOUR OFFICE DATED JANUARY TWENTY
NINETEEN THIRTY SIX

LADD

VEO:svv

CC BUREAU
ST PAUL
CINCINNATI
CLEVELAND

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MAY 12 1936

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MAY 9 1936	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
ONE	FILE

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

EAT:CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

May 7, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE

Re: Harry Campbell.

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Baughman
Chief Clerk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Egan
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Keith
Mr. Lester
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Schilder
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

As a matter of record, it may be stated that on the evening of May 6, 1936, I received a telephone call from a representative of the Metropolitan Police Department's 9th Precinct here in Washington to the effect that he has an informant who has tentatively identified a person thought to be Campbell as being in that vicinity. He was advised an Agent would contact him.

I subsequently contacted Acting SAC Thompson at the Washington Field Office, advised him of the above, and requested him to have an Agent take care of this.

On the morning of May 7, 1936, Mr. Thompson advised me that investigation revealed there is nothing to this lead. I told Mr. Thompson I was sure of this, for the reason that Campbell was taken into custody at Toledo, Ohio about five o'clock on the morning of the 7th.

E. A. TAMM.

RECORDED

MAY 12 1936

7-576-11396
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 9 1936 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
TAMM

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FILES

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11/2/36

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT Cincinnati, Ohio.

FILE NO. 7-22 Mc

REPORT MADE AT: Birmingham, Ala.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/8/36	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 4/19, 20, 29 & 5/3/36	REPORT MADE BY: F. T. McIntyre, Jr.
TITLE: ALVIN KARPIS, with aliases - FUGITIVE, I. O. 1218; DR. JOSEPH P. MORAN, with aliases - FUGITIVE, I. O. 1232; HARRY CAMPBELL, with aliases FUGITIVE, I. O. 1236; ET AL. Edward George Bremer, VICTIM.			CHARACTER OF CASE: KIDNAPING; HARBORING OF FUGITIVES; OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE; NATIONAL FIREARMS ACT.
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: <div style="text-align: center;">P.</div> <p>Chief of Police, Corinth, Miss., advised on April 19, 1936, that five persons traveling in two Oldsmobile Sedans, were stopping at Waldron Hotel, Corinth, Miss., and that he had information from Chief of Police at Vicksburg, Miss., that these persons were to pull some kind of job in or near Corinth. Investigation made at Corinth with view that the above persons may have been subject Karpis and associates, however, investigation revealed persons referred to by Chief of Police at Corinth were gamblers and had no connection with subject. Charlotte Roddy at Clarksdale, Miss., identified photographs of Grace Goldstein and Connie Morris, stating Connie is Karpis' woman.</p>			
DETAILS: <p>About 10:30 on the morning of April 19, 1936, Chief of Police Joe C. Daniels of Corinth, Miss., telephoned the Birmingham office and advised Special Agent L. A. Obenshain that he had just received information from the Vicksburg, Miss. Police Department to the effect that a party of men had left Vicksburg and were proceeding to Corinth, Miss., for the purpose of pulling some big job at that city or vicinity. One of the cars driven by this gang was described as a 1936 black Oldsmobile Coach, bearing 1936 Tennessee license 12-781.</p> <p>Special Agent L. A. Obenshain and the writer immediately proceeded to Corinth, Miss. Through the cooperation of Mr. McCullough, Manager of the Waldron Hotel, it was ascertained that the occupants of the 1936 Oldsmobile Coach, bearing 1936 license 12-781, were registered there as Mr. and Mrs. Jack Westbrook; that the true identity of these parties had been ascertained as</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <div style="text-align: center;">SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE</div>		RECORDED AND INDEXED: 7-576-11397 MAY 21 1936 CHECKED OFF: MAY 13 1936 JACKETED:	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3 Bureau 2 Cincinnati 1 St. Paul 1 Little Rock 1 Chicago 1 E. J. Connelley 2 Nashville 2 Birmingham		<div style="text-align: center;">BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION</div> <div style="text-align: center;">ROUTED TO: FILE</div>	

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78 MAR 24 1965

being Mr. and Mrs. Jack Holt. Accompanying these people were three men who had proceeded to Corinth in a 1936 Maroon colored Oldsmobile, bearing Missouri license No. 348476. These parties had registered as Colonel Patterson, Clayton and Ray Anderson. Upon later investigation, it was ascertained that their true identity was B. E. Patterson, Ray Barton Swafford and Van A. Swafford.

Chief of Police Daniels checked with the Memphis Police Department, and ascertained that the Oldsmobile car bearing license 12-781, had been issued to one Frank Hunt of Memphis, Tenn. With the cooperation of the Sheriff's office and the Police Department at Corinth, all of the above mentioned parties were located and interviewed. In this connection, it also should be stated that Mr. Nichols, the desk clerk at the Waldron Hotel, overheard a conversation which indicated that these parties were planning to proceed to Enville, Tenn., on the following morning, at which place they were apparently preparing to pull some sort of a job.

Jack Holt advised that he is a professional gambler; that he travels to different parts of the country patronizing gambling houses; that he is particularly adept to dice games and that he is so well known in different sections of the country that he must, of necessity, use a fictitious name when appearing at a new town. He stated that he had heard that there were easy pickings at Corinth, Miss., and he accordingly informed Ray Swafford at Sikeston, Missouri, that he would meet him at Corinth on Saturday, April 18, 1936. Holt stated that he and his wife left Sikeston at about 10:10 A. M., on April 18, 1936, and arrived at Corinth about 3:20 P. M. the same day, a distance of about 265 miles. Holt further advised that he married his wife, the former Miss Beulah O'Callighan, at Tupelo, Miss., about five years ago; that they have been residing for the most part during this period at 760 Adams Street, Memphis, Tenn. He stated that he had bought the Oldsmobile car from the W. S. Oldsmobile Company of Memphis about forty-five days ago; that the company had taken care of the issuance of the license plates and that he had no knowledge that the same were recorded under the name of Frank Hunt.

Mrs. Jack Holt advised that she and her husband have been residing since their marriage at Cabot, Ark.; that her husband had been employed off and on for the past four years by the Earnest Bailey Chevrolet Company at Cabot and at other times has been engaged in the sale of cosmetics at various drug stores. She stated that she and her husband had only been located at Memphis for about two weeks, at which time they resided at 617 Popular Street and her husband was employed by the Keystone Cosmetic Company of that city. Mrs. Holt advised that her early home was at Tupelo, Miss., and her mother is Mrs. Ola O'Callighan, who presently resides there. She stated in connection with her appearance at Corinth, that she and her husband had only stopped there for the night to rest and were en route to Tupelo to visit her mother.

Ray Swafford advised that he and his brother, Van A. Swafford, were professional dice men, and have traveled to different parts of the country, playing at gambling houses. He stated that he is originally from Amarillo, Texas, where his deceased father was former sheriff. He listed a sister as Mrs. J. D. Morgan, Route 1, Shamrock, Texas, and his mother as Mrs. Emma Swafford.

He advised that his brother, Van A. Swafford, together with Col. Patterson, left Sikeston last Thursday, April 16, 1936, and had proceeded to Corinth, where they were scheduled to meet Jack Holt. He stated that he had been informed that there was easy money at Corinth and that he and his party expected to clean up at the local gambling house there.

Van A. Swafford, who is totally deaf in his right ear, substantiated the comments of his brother, stating that the latter has traveled with him for a number of years.

Van A. Swafford also stated that the evening prior to arriving at Corinth, they had spent the night at Vicksburg, Miss., and the night before that at Jackson, Miss.

Col. B. E. Patterson advised that he resides at Morehouse, Missouri, where he operates the ~~Cables~~ Night Club, six miles south of Sikeston, Missouri. He stated that he also owns and operates a number of farms in the vicinity and is engaged to a great extent in buying and selling mules. He also admitted to the practice of professional gambling.

In this connection, he stated that he and the Swafford brothers had left Sikeston, Missouri, as above related, and had stopped the first night at the Robert E. Lee Hotel at Jackson, Miss., the next night at Vicksburg Hotel, Vicksburg, Miss., and then proceeded to Corinth, Miss. He stated that he knew of no arrangements between the Swafford brothers and Jack Holt to meet at Corinth, Miss., but that he had made the trip because of the fact that he enjoys gambling. He advised that he is well known in the vicinity of Morehouse, Missouri.

The five suspects heretofore mentioned were fingerprinted by agents and the fingerprints have been forwarded by air mail, special delivery, to the Bureau for the purpose of ascertaining whether these parties have substantial criminal records and are wanted in any places. It should also be stated that the fingerprints were compared with the classifications of the known members of the gang traveling with Karpis, but no identifications were effected.

Sheriff Potts advised that he would not hold these parties in jail pending the return advice from the Bureau relative to the fingerprints, but he stated that he would confiscate both cars for such

period. The suspects were instructed to remain at the hotel pending further advice from Sheriff Potts.

Mr. C. W. Galvraith, local manager of the Southern Bell Telephone Co., was contacted with the view to ascertaining whether any long distance calls had been made or received by these suspects which would prove of material assistance in this case. Mr. Galvraith advised that he was not authorized to furnish such information without appropriate subpoena. He called the District Manager at Meridian, Miss., and the State Manager at Jackson, Miss., for the purpose of obtaining the necessary authorization, but was informed that such authority would not be granted.

The description of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Holt, Van Swafford, Ray Swafford and B. E. Patterson, are as follows:

Name	Jack Holt, alias Jack Westbrook	Mrs. Beulah Holt, alias Mrs. J. L. Westbrook
Residence	Cabot, Ark.	Cabot, Ark.
Age	34 (11-27-1902)	31 (3-8-1905)
Height	5'6 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	5'5"
Weight	118 lbs.	107 lbs.
Hair	Brown	Black
Eyes	Blue	Brown
Complexion	Fair	Dark
Build	Slender	Slender
Nationality	American	American
Glasses	None	None
Scars & Marks	Broken left arm set crooked.	Small scar on upper lip
Teeth	Upper front teeth protrude.	

Name	Van A. Swafford, alias R.D. Anderson	Ray Swafford, alias Ray Anderson
Residence	Takoka, Texas.	Amarillo, Texas.
Age	43 (7-17-1892)	29 (12-6-1906)
Height	5'9 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	5'9 $\frac{1}{2}$ "
Weight	165	143
Hair	Brown, streaked gray	Brown
Eyes	Blue	Grey
Complexion	Ruddy	Ruddy
Build	Slender	Slender
Nationality	American	American
Glasses	Octagon shaped, rimless.	None
Scars & Marks		Mole on right side of bridge of nose.

Name	B. E. Patterson, alias Colonel Patterson,
Residence	Morehouse, Missouri.
Age	43 (7-18-1893)
Height	6'
Weight	220 lbs.
Hair	Dark chestnut
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Ruddy
Nationality	American
Build	Heavy
Glasses	None
Scars & Marks	Long scar top of head covered with hair. End of left index finger off.

Hotel registration card signed by the above parties were obtained from Mr. Nichols, Clerk at the Waldron Hotel, and are being retained in the Birmingham file.

Mr. J. C. Carter of the 1200 Tire Company, Clarksdale, Mississippi, on interview informed that on Sunday, April 19, 1936, two men and a woman appeared at his service station in a gunmetal colored 1936 Ford coupe, this car bearing 1936 Arkansas license plates, #68-424. While obtaining gasoline, the party driving the car asked Mr. Carter for directions to Greenville, Mississippi and also requested information as to the exact distance from Memphis, Tennessee to Clarksdale, Mississippi. Carter described the man driving the car as follows:

Age	25 to 26
Height	6'
Build	Slender

The other man was described as follows:

Age	32
Height	5' 8"
Weight	155#

Carter's only description of the woman was that she was about 25 years of age and a medium blonde.

On receipt of the photographs of Connie Hamm, alias Morris, and Grace Goldstein, these were exhibited to Mr. Carter, who stated that the photograph of Connie Morris, particularly the snap shot in the standing position, resembled the girl who was in the car at the time.

On receipt of this information, S. A. C. Guinane of the Birmingham office telephonically communicated with S. A. C. Chapman Fletcher of the Little Rock office, and requested that Arkansas license plates #68-424 be checked to determine whether the parties to whom this plate was registered had any connection with the subjects of this case. This information was received on May 3, 1936 at which time the newspapers had carried the story of the capture of Karpis, but it was not definitely known whether Connie Morris was in custody.

The photographs of Connie Morris and Grace Goldstein were shown to others at the Hotel Alcazar, as mentioned in the report of Special Agent F. T. McIntyre, Jr., Birmingham, Alabama dated April 16, 1936, but no identification was effected.

Mr. R. W. Brooks, sales representative of the Goodrich Tire Company, with a small office at the 1200 Tire Company, was also shown the pictures of Morris and Goldstein. He could not make any identification of the women, but on seeing the Hot Springs license plate in the snapshot of Grace Goldstein, he desired to know the nature of the case. He was informed by agent that the same pertained to a White Slave Traffic case. Brooks then stated that by reason of his constant travels he had met up with a number of prostitutes and that he was personally acquainted with two prostitutes from Hot Springs, Arkansas, namely; Pauline Hargraves and Charlotte Roddy, who periodically register at the hotel Alcazar in Clarksdale, for the purpose of plying their trade. Brooks stated that he is confident that either of these girls could furnish pertinent information relative to the photograph of the woman standing along side the automobile. He further advised that one of these prostitutes, Charlotte Roddy, was due to arrive at Clarksdale the following Monday.

Upon receiving authority, agent contacted Brooks again, who advised that Charlotte Roddy had arrived in Clarksdale and was staying at the Alcazar Hotel, and was due to leave for Memphis, Tennessee early the following morning. At this time Karpis had been apprehended, but it was thought that some information might be obtained relative to Campbell or other associates of Karpis and Campbell, and agent, in company with R. W. Brooks contacted Charlotte Roddy at the Alcazar hotel and was introduced by Brooks as a Mr. Jackson, District Manager of the Goodrich Tire Company in Birmingham.

During the course of considerable small talk, it was ascertained that Charlotte Roddy has not been to Hot Springs, Arkansas for about two months; that she has previously stopped there on two different occasions at the Batterie Hotel; that she is originally from Memphis, Tenn., and travels throughout Arkansas, Mississippi and Tennessee plying her trade.

Agent mentioned the fact that he had a couple of girl friends at the Hatterie Hotel and displayed pictures of Grace Goldstein and Connie Hamm, alias Morris, whereupon the prostitute Roddy immediately identified both pictures, calling Grace and Connie by their names. She then took a photograph from her grip and displayed the same to agent, stating that undoubtedly agent knew who this party was. This photograph showed a blonde girl in a stooping position, holding up a brown pekingese dog. Agent advised that the girl's picture was very familiar, whereupon Charlotte Roddy advised that this girl was Greta Gillstrap and that the pekingese dog in the picture belonged to Connie Morris. She also stated that she was confident that the girl taken by Federal Agents at the time of the capture of Karpis was none other than Connie Morris. When asked how she arrived at this conclusion, Charlotte stated that Connie kept company with Alvin Karpis; that the description of the girl "Ruth" in the papers answered the description of Connie Morris. No further information was obtained of value from the prostitute, and the latter advised agent that she was leaving for Memphis, Tennessee the following morning, Sunday, at 4:00 O'clock A.M. and that if agent should come to Memphis in the near future, he might probably contact her at the Tennessee Hotel there.

With reference to this matter, attention is invited to the late report on this case, indicating subsequent investigation at Clarksdale upon receipt of information from the Nashville office as to the owner of Postoffice box 590, Memphis, Tennessee. It will be noted in this connection that on April 16, 1936 information was received that a letter was received at the Hatterie Hotel addressed to Greta Gillstrap postmarked Clarksdale, with return address thereon as postoffice box 590, Memphis, Tenn.

It appears that the prostitute Charlotte Roddy might be the party who wrote to Greta Gillstrap, inasmuch as agent has been informed by Mr. Brooks that the Roddy woman periodically visits Clarksdale. It was also ascertained that the other prostitute, Pauline Hargrave, is due to arrive at Clarksdale on Monday, May 4, 1936, and the writer will also interview this party, employing the same pretense.

Charlotte Roddy is described as being about 25 years of age, 5' 6" tall, 140 to 150 pounds in weight, build medium stout with broad hips, blue eyes, hair decided blond, teeth good, regular.

In view of the apprehension of Subject Campbell, no further investigation is being made in this matter.

PENDING

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

EAT:CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

May 8, 1936.

Mr. Nathan	.....
Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. Baughman	.....
Chief Clerk	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Coffey	.....
Mr. Edwards	.....
Mr. Egan	.....
Mr. Foxworth	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Joseph	.....
Mr. Keith	.....
Mr. Lester	.....
Mr. Quinn	.....
Mr. Schilder	.....
Mr. Tamm	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

Time - 5:20 P.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: CHARLES LONG, associate of
William E. Meade in the
Bremer Case.

With reference to the above named subject, who is in custody
at Chicago, and who is about to be turned over to the State authorities,
I telephoned SAC Ladd at the Chicago Office and told him to give out a
release there in Chicago recording the apprehension of Long, and the fact
that we are turning him over to the State authorities.

Respectfully,

E. A. TAMM.

RECORDED & INDEXED

MAY 19 1936

7-576-11397 X

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 16 1936 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

TOLSON ONE FILE

Sidney Kalnitsky
2803 Mermoid Ave
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. MAY 14 1936

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

7-576-11398

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dear Sir:

I am a student ^{MAY 12 1936} ~~finger~~ -
Printing (Classification and filing) as
a vacation.

I would appreciate it very
much if I can obtain a copy of
Alvin Karpis' Finger-Prints, also
Can you please send me mat-
erial pertaining to it.

Oct. 5/8/36

AR.

(encl)

Edwin George

I am interested in the extension
in the Henry System as used in
the Bureau.

Thanking you in advance.

Yours truly
Sidney Kalnitsky

RECORDED

AR:VTL

May 8, 1936.

SH
X

7-576-11348

Mr. Sidney Kalnitsky,
2803 Bernal Avenue,
Brooklyn, New York.

Dear Sir:

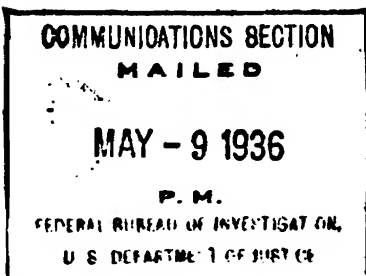
I wish to acknowledge receipt of your undated letter received at this Bureau on May 6, 1936.

There is transmitted herewith a copy of the Identification Order #1218, which was prepared by this Bureau concerning Alvin Karpis. You will note that fingerprint impressions and other pertinent data are contained in this Identification Order. This may be of some assistance to you in your study of fingerprints.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

Enclosure #1134167



cc
BOSTON
MCC
ENCLOSURE
J. Edgar Hoover
R

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

EL PASO, TEXAS

FILE NO. 62-66

REPORT MADE AT Denver, Colorado	DATE WHEN MADE 5-5-36	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5-2-36	REPORT MADE BY A. R. GERE RM
TITLE CECIL W. McCOLLUM (McCULLOM) alias HARRY DOWNS; WELLINGTON DOW alias WELLINGTON DAWSON alias MARVIN C. BOWERS			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN AIRPLANE

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subjects known to have a Waco cabin plane, license #NC15246 in their possession at La Junta, Colo., and Pueblo, Colo., and left La Junta on 4-29-36, allegedly for Troy, Ohio.

RUC.

REFERENCE: Teletype from El Paso Office dated 5-1-36.

DETAILS:

AT PUEBLO, COLORADO.

Agent interviewed Don Davis, age 27, dispatcher of the Varney Air Transport Company, and he stated that on Wednesday, April 29, 5 men arrived at the airport while he was absent in town and that they were at the airport when he returned about 11:30 AM; that they had a Waco cabin plane, capacity 4 passengers, but that there were 5 men with the plane; that the ship was a light blue color with a silver effect and with a dark blue wide stripe on both sides of the ship; that it had a sort of grey appearance; that the men with the plane did not say from where they had come, and he asked them if they had damaged the landing gear on the field at Pueblo, and the pilot in charge of the plane said that he had not; that they damaged the landing gear in landing at some out-of-the-way places; that W. Edward Nollenberger, Field Manager of the Wyoming Air Service, who was in Denver, Colorado, at the time of Agent's interview with Mr. Davis, asked them if they wanted the airport at their destination notified of their leaving Pueblo, and the pilot said to him in a gruff voice and curt manner "No, I don't know where we're

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FORWARDED:

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

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7 576-11399 MAY 11 A.M. ONE (B) AT SECT. 14	MAY 12 1936 MAY 14 1936
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going"; that Francis Eastman, in charge of the Department of Commerce radio station at the field asked the pilot in which direction they were going to fly, and he said they were going east from Pueblo, but that it was noticed that their direction when they left the field was south; that they left about 12:15 PM on April 29; that the record of the sale of gasoline and oil to the plane by Mr. W. Edward Nollenberger showed the following: Name, W. Dow, Washington; pilot, same; license #NC15246, Waco cabin plane; date, April 29, 1936; 83 gallons of gasoline @ 29¢, \$24.07; 6 quarts oil @ 37¢, \$2.22; paid cash \$26.22.

He stated that neither the pilot nor any of the four men with him mentioned the airport at El Paso, Texas; that the pilot and the men with him seemed to be rather impatient about getting away from the airport at Pueblo; that the pilot borrowed tools from him to repair the landing gear, the "pants" over the wheels on the right hand side having been damaged by some object in landing, apparently in some rough field.

Mr. Davis stated that the pilot was about 25 years of age, height 5-9, weight about 140, light complexion, light brown hair, and wore a light pea-green pullover sweater. Mr. Davis also furnished descriptions of 3 of the other 4 men with the pilot, but as later investigation developed that the 4 men with the pilot, Wellington Dow, were local residents of La Junta, Colorado, their descriptions are not being incorporated in this report.

Francis M. Eastman, radio operator, in charge of the Department of Commerce radio station at the airport, was interviewed at his residence 2234 Grand Avenue, and he gave the description of the pilot in question as being 28 to 30 years of age, height about 5-7, slender build, weight about 140 pounds, medium light brown hair, medium complexion, wore sweater and an odd pair of pants, dressed rather informally rather than in the usual manner of a pilot flying a plane; that his disposition seemed to be somewhat sour; that he asked the pilot a couple of questions, and his answers were short and curt; that he asked him where he was going, but he would not say; that he said he was going east but that he pointed his finger towards the south.

He stated that the pilot said he had a radio and could get the weather reports himself; that he told the pilot that the weather was "closed in" at Cheyenne, Wyoming, and asked the pilot if he was going towards Kansas City, and he said "No, I am just going out east of here"; that the pilot seemed half worried and fretful and kept walking around and over to the Administration Building and back to the plane and seemed rather

impatient to get away and seemed to be irritated because he had to wait for a few minutes for Mr. Don Davis to return to the airport from town before the pilot could get gasoline for the plane.

AT LA JUNTA, COLORADO.

Chief of Police Dave H. Houghton stated that he knew Cecil McCollum, an aviator who formerly resided with his parents south of La Junta, Colorado, and who left for California about 10 years ago; that Cecil McCollum, age about 28 or 30, was at La Junta during the forepart of the week of April 26 and carried passengers in his plane at La Junta, and that Cecil McCollum and the man with him left La Junta on Wednesday afternoon, April 29; that Cecil McCollum is about 6 feet in height, weighs about 170 to 175 pounds, dark complexion, dark brown hair, grey eyes, and that he wears a bridge or partial plate in front on his lower jaw.

J. K. Johnson, 922 Raton Avenue, advised Agent that Cecil McCollum arrived in La Junta on Monday, April 27, and stayed two night at his house and left La Junta on Wednesday afternoon, April 29; that Cecil McCollum's pilot stayed at the Kit Carson Hotel, and that he understood his name was Bowers or some such name; that Cecil McCollum said he was enroute to Troy, Ohio, with his Waco cabin plane, which had a seat for two passengers in front and one wide seat in the rear which would accommodate 2 or 3 passengers; that Cecil McCollum said he was going to Troy, Ohio, to bring back a new demonstrator; that Cecil McCollum claimed he was formerly a Lieutenant in the United States Army, and that was where he learned to fly, and that he was now selling these Waco planes for a firm at Troy, Ohio, and exhibited a large number of duplicate receipts showing where he had delivered airplanes, one of which was in Spokane, Washington, where the purchaser was shown to have paid \$500.00 on the plane.

Mr. Johnson said that Cecil McCollum stated he got the job as a salesman with the airplane company at Troy on account of his Army record, and that they sold the planes direct from the factory, but that he was delivering them. He said that the Waco cabin plane in his possession was a demonstrator, and that he was going to take it back to Troy, Ohio, and bring back a new model. He also said that he had to pay \$8,100.00 for the plane in his possession, but that he would get credit for the same when he turned it in; that he gave the impression that the man with him had been with him for a long time and was his mechanic, but the man with Cecil McCollum stated that he had only been with McCollum a short time and had got in touch with him at Spokane, Washington, or Pocatello, Idaho.

Mr. Johnson stated that Cecil McCollum has a brother, Marvin McCollum, who owns a garage at Everett, Washington, and that their mother also resides at Everett, Washington; that Cecil McCollum stated he left Everett, Washington, on Saturday, April 25, via San Francisco, and that he was enroute to Troy, Ohio, when he left La Junta, Colorado, on the afternoon of April 29.

Edward Ayres, age 21, 1022 Cimarron Avenue, stated as follows:

"I saw Cecil McCollum when he arrived at La Junta, Colorado, at 9:05 PM, Monday, April 27, with his mechanic named Dow in a Waco cabin plane, license #NC15246, and I talked to him the next morning. On Wednesday, about 10:30 AM, Alex Wuntz, Pearl Elliott, Wes Brown, and myself, accompanied Dow in the Waco cabin plane to Pueblo, Colorado, to get gasoline. Cecil McCollum did not go with us to Pueblo. He stayed here with Mr. Johnson.

"Cecil McCollum was at the airport when we left La Junta, and he was there when we returned to the field at La Junta, and he drove my Austin automobile from the airport to town, and he brought Mr. Johnson's married daughter, Ruth, out to the airport with him, and they were both there when we got back to La Junta at 12:45 PM on Wednesday, April 29. We left Pueblo at 12 noon just as the whistle was blowing.

"Cecil McCollum and Dow left La Junta in the Waco cabin plane after 3 PM on Wednesday afternoon, April 29, but they did not tell us where they were going. My brother, Everett Ayres, was at the airport when they took off. Dow is from Wenatchee, Washington. Dow is about 28 years of age, height 5-8, weight 140 to 150 pounds, light brown hair, light blue eyes, light complexion. Cecil McCollum is about 28 years of age, height about 5-11, weight 180 pounds, dark complexion and heavy-set, dark brown hair, almost black, dark hazel eyes, false teeth on lower jaw.

"Cecil McCollum said something about Chihuahua, Mexico, but they did not tell me where they were going. They said they were going east but they went south, so my brother Everett told me. According to the log book in the Waco cabin plane, the ship had flown 132 hours."

At the Kit Carson Hotel, the Manager, Frank H. Frey, exhibited registration cards showing that on April 27, 1936, Wellington Dow, Route 4, Wenatchee, Washington, registered and also registered again on April 28, 1936, and checked out on April 29, 1936.

A resume of the information obtained at La Junta, Colorado, concerning Subjects, was sent by teletype on May 2, 1936, by the Denver Office to the Bureau and to the El Paso, Chicago, Cleveland, and Portland Offices.

A kodak photograph of Subject Cecil McCollum, a kodak photograph of the Waco bi-plane in Subjects' possession at La Junta, and a card bearing the signature of Wellington Dow, Route 4, Wenatchee, Washington, were obtained from J. K. Johnson and Edward Ayres at La Junta, Colorado, and are being forwarded with copies of this report to the El Paso Office.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

15237

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

CINCINNATI, OHIO

CHICAGO FILE NO. 7-82

REPORT MADE AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	DATE WHEN MADE 5/6/36	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 4/14, 19-25, 30/36.	REPORT MADE BY D. P. SULLIVAN DPS:RP
TITLE ALVIN KARPIS, with aliases - FUGITIVE, I. O. #1218; DR. JOSEPH P. MORAN, with aliases, I. O. #1232; HARRY CAMPBELL, with aliases - FUGITIVE, I. O. #1236; et al. EDWARD GEORGE BREMER - Victim.			CHARACTER OF CASE KIDNAPING; HARBORING OF FUGITIVES; OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE; NATIONAL FIREARMS ACT.
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: <p>Y2 - 1 H 2 5 4 MA</p> <p>Martin Quirk interviewed at Bridewell Jail, Chicago, but denies knowing Alvin Karpis or having any information concerning the Barker-Karpis gang. Nate Treger on interview states that he was in Detroit, Michigan, in the fall of 1934 and heard that Bruno Austin was likewise in that town frequenting the Bohemian Restaurant. Treger denies the truth of the statement made by Austin that both of them were in Toledo, Ohio. Willie Heene interviewed and admits knowing Jack Peifer, Fred Goetz, Harry Sawyer, Charles J. Fitzgerald and "Big Homer", but denies being acquainted with or having any information concerning other members of the Barker-Karpis gang. [redacted] provided information which was not verified that Karpis visited the home of John Keller, 4643 Fulton Street on the afternoon of April 30, 1936, and there planned a robbery of a money shipment from a train of the Michigan Central Railroad. Maud Karcher, Greyhound Tourist Cabins, Elmhurst, Illinois, denies knowing any members of the Barker-Karpis gang. Pertinent conversations of Mr. and Mrs. John Karpavicz from April 19 to April 25, 1936, set out herein. Brothers of Louis "Doc" Stacey interviewed, but deny acquaintance with Alvin Karpis and other members of gang.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">b7c b7d RECEIVED</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- P -</p>			
REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent D. P. Sullivan, Chicago, Illinois, dated March 30, 1936.			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
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DETAILS:

In connection with reference report Agent interviewed Mrs. Maud Karcher, Greyhound Tourist Cabins, Elmhurst, Illinois. It may be noted that Bruno Austin when interviewed stated that Alvin Karpis and other members of the Barker-Karpis gang frequented and stayed overnight at a tourist camp on Lake Street near the Elmhurst Airport in the fall of 1934. From the description of this tourist camp provided by Bruno Austin, a survey of the neighborhood mentioned by him indicated that he was referring to the Greyhound Tourist Cabins. Mrs. Karcher upon interview was shown photographs of members of the Karpis-Barker gang which she was unable to recognize. She stated that she is the owner of the Greyhound Tourist 1934, she leased this tourist camp for one year to the Chicago Bureau Office. This time she was not residing at the tourist camp and had no information regarding the persons who stayed at the camp while she was away. She thoroughly examined the photographs shown her and promised to telephone the Chicago Bureau Office should any person represented by these photographs call at her tourist camp.

It may be mentioned that "Blackie" Dimenza, who was arrested some time ago for participating in the robbery of the First National Bank of St. Charles, St. Charles, Illinois, provided information to the effect that his gang with Karpis intended to rob the Electric Light Company at Peoria, Illinois, and he stated that Martin Quirk was in his opinion the contact for the gang with Alvin Karpis. Previous investigation has failed to show any definite connection between the above mentioned gang and Alvin Karpis. For this reason Martin Quirk, who is presently confined to the Bridewell Jail at Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed.

He was shown photographs of members of the Barker-Karpis gang which he failed to recognize. He stated, however, that he has been acquainted with Bruno Austin for many years. He likewise admitted knowing "Blackie" Dimenza, "Little Sneeze" Friedman, but denied being acquainted with Fred Hansen. He stated that he was of the opinion that he had met Russell Gibson on one occasion at a cocktail lounge located at the southwest corner of Monroe Street and Wabash Avenue; that he was at this cocktail lounge on one occasion and was introduced to a tall, slender man but paid no particular attention to this person; that about six months after Russell Gibson was killed, the man who introduced him told him that he had been

introduced to Russell Gibson on the above mentioned occasion. Quirk stated that this was the only occasion when he had seen Gibson. He had no information concerning members of the Karpis-Barker gang. Quirk was at this time questioned concerning the identity of the persons responsible for the Hamilton State Bank robbery, but denied having any knowledge concerning this crime. Quirk, although professing his willingness to provide any information in his possession, evidently would not make any statements to Agent that would tend to incriminate himself, however, Agent believes Quirk was truthful when he stated that he was not acquainted with any members of the Karpis-Barker gang.

Nate Treger called at the Chicago Bureau Office and advised that his brother, a member of the firm of Spak, Trobe and Treger, had advised him that an Agent of this Bureau desired to interview him. Treger was interviewed by Special Agent R. C. Suran and the writer and he stated that he was born and raised in Chicago; that he had formerly been closely connected with hoodlums and racketeers. Treger advised that in the year, 1922, a hoodlum friend of Al Capone had threatened his life on several occasions; that he became tired of this continued bother and thereupon killed the man; that as a result he was sentenced to the Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet, Illinois, where he served some seven years; that when released he came to Chicago and opened a tavern; that on various occasions the Capone syndicate had offered to put him on a salary, but he had refused to be connected with them. Treger stated that because of his refusal to cooperate with the syndicate they made it so hot for him in Chicago that he finally decided to go to Detroit about three years ago; that he afterwards returned to Chicago and was in a restaurant at 901 South Halsted Street during the summer of 1935; that while there a drunken patron was waving a gun and after an argument ensued between this man and another customer, the intoxicated man killed one of the patrons; that immediately after the shooting Treger grabbed the gun from the man and was found by the Police with the gun when they entered the restaurant a few minutes later; that as a result he was charged with murder, but this charge was dismissed in December, 1935; that since that time he has been in Detroit and only recently returned; that during the season he is employed by his brother as a fur salesman. Treger stated that he can be reached through his brother any time that an interview is desired with him. Treger stated further that in the fall of 1934 he was in Detroit, Michigan; that he at that time heard that Bruno Austin, accompanied by a member of the Barker-Karpis gang was likewise in Detroit and was frequenting the Bohemian restaurant. Treger stated that he did not see Austin at

this time nor did he know where Austin was residing. While frequenting Detroit Treger stated that he did not visit Toledo, Ohio, during the fall of 1934 and has no information concerning the tavern that Bruno Austin stated was frequented by both him and Treger at Toledo, Ohio, in the fall of 1934. Treger at this time stated that he has known Bruno Austin for many years; that he was incarcerated in the County Jail with Austin during the late summer and fall of 1935; that Austin is a braggart in his estimation and the most ignorant man in the world; that Austin concocts imaginative stories of his exploits. Treger appeared to be in earnest when he stated that Austin falsified when he stated that both he and Treger were frequenting the same tavern at Toledo, Ohio, in the fall of 1934.

It may be here mentioned that Austin upon interview stated that it was at this same tavern at Toledo, Ohio, that the death of Dr. Joseph P. Moran was plotted by Arthur R. Barker and Russell Gibson on or about September 1, 1934. Treger was shown photographs of members of the Karpis-Barker gang which he failed to recognize, stating that he had no information concerning either the identities or activities of this gang.

On April 15, 1936, the National Security Bank of Chicago forwarded to this Office a letter reading as follows:

"To Mr. E. F. Kostka

My dear friend:

We just came to city from Dalles Texas, and the GMen right on ours heels, but we have to get some money before they get we are afraid to go to the loop bank but got plan to clean up few places on west side, so we want know how much money they have in your bank, and if there isnt any hemicalgasses they might install while I was away I know they didnt have any that time, in case they have some kind gas told the other guys not release just pretent to be exated and dont forget when we got good cleanup you will get your share

Make appointment call Canal 8877 ask for Al.

With very best wishes and personal regards yours

Truly friend Alvin Karpinski

Alias Karpis"

The envelope containing this letter was addressed to the "National Security Bank, Ogden and Chicago Avenues, Chicago, Illinois" and was postmarked Chicago, Illinois, April 14, 1936. The above letter was forwarded to the Technical Laboratory to be processed for any latent fingerprints of Alvin Karpis which might appear on the letter.

In an effort to obtain further information concerning the source of the above mentioned letter, Agent interviewed Mr. E. F. Kostka to whom this letter was addressed, at the National Security Bank of Chicago, Ogden and Chicago Avenues. Mr. Kostka is a teller at this bank. He was shown the above mentioned letter and stated that he could not provide any information concerning the person who would write such a letter; that he was not acquainted with Alvin Karpis; that he could only believe that someone had written him the letter as a practical joke.

John L. Bricchetto and Norman B. Collins, President of the National Security Bank, were interviewed and stated that Kostka was formerly Assistant Cashier of a now defunct bank, but had been employed by the National Security Bank for the past four years; that he is a capable, honest and industrious young man. He felt certain that he would provide any information he might possess helpful to this investigation.

It may be noted that the letter states, "Make appointment call Canal 8877 ask for Al." Canal 8877 is listed to the Midwest Grocery, Inc., (wholesale), 2434 South Western Avenue.

Kostka, when interviewed, stated that the Midwest Grocery Company is a cooperative grocery firm and that they formerly had an account with the Security Bank four or five years ago; that occasionally as receiving teller, he receives relief checks that are made out to the above mentioned firm. He was questioned closely, but stated he could not recall any argument or trouble that he had ever had concerning any of these checks nor could he recall being acquainted with anyone employed at the Midwest Grocery Company.

At the Midwest Grocery Company Agent interviewed A. A. Zdrojewski, part owner of this firm. Mr. Zdrojewski is commonly known under the name of "Al." Mr. Zdrojewski was shown photographs of all members of the Barker-Karpis gang including the photograph of Alvin Karpis, which he was unable to recognize. He called in his secretary who was likewise interviewed at this time, but neither of these parties were able to suggest the name of any person who would write such a letter as the above mentioned letter.

It may be mentioned that the letter set out above was typewritten; that evidently a combination red and black ribbon was used, which resulted in each letter being typed half red and half black. Mr. Zdrojewski stated that there were no typewriters in his office equipped with red and black ribbons; that he did not believe that the letter had been written by anyone in his office.

On April 21, 1936, Dan M. Ghilain, residence Braidwood, Illinois, who is a railway mail clerk, Commission Card 10895, called at the Chicago Bureau Office and was interviewed by the writer.

He stated that he is well acquainted with George Scheibner, who operates a dry goods store at Wilmington, Illinois; that Scheibner had advised him on various occasions in the past year or more that his wife was a close friend of Dorothy Nimpoon Kly. Ghilain stated that the Kly woman formerly was a telephone operator at Wilmington, Illinois, and had mentioned to Mrs. Scheibner that during the time that Irene Dorsey was living with George Ziegler (Fred Goetz), Simon Cinotto, uncle of Irene Dorsey, on several occasions wired amounts of money up to \$500.00 to Goetz during the time that he was visiting in Florida. Ghilain stated that from the information he received he believed that this must have been during the year 1933.

Ghilain further stated that Irene Dorsey has recently married Henry Stanley, and that she and her husband are living in an apartment over the Krause Funeral Parlor, next to the First National Bank at Wilmington.

Ghilain further stated that information had come to him from various rumors at Wilmington that approximately \$50,000 of the Bremer ransom money had been hidden in Cinotto's garage after the kidnaping of Edward G. Bremer. Ghilain stated that one

Reilly, who formerly was an attendant at an oil station located directly south of Cinotto's residence and who is presently employed at the Northern Illinois Strip Mills two miles west of Wilmington, Illinois, had stated on one occasion that he had seen Alvin Karpis, who had visited Wilmington, Illinois, on several occasions prior to the past two years.

Ghilain further stated that Ed Scott, who is employed as a mill hand in the paper mills located in Wilmington, mentioned to him about three months ago that he had seen Campbell at Wilmington shortly before this incident that was mentioned. Ghilain expressed the opinion, however, that he did not believe Scott had seen Campbell at Wilmington.

In connection with the above information, it may be mentioned that at various times rumors have been received from the residents of Wilmington that Cinotto was closely connected with the kidnapers of Edward G. Bremer, probably because of the fact that the Bremer ransom money was hidden in his garage for a short while after the kidnaping. In this connection Ghilain mentioned that various people at Wilmington had stated that shortly after the kidnaping of Bremer Cinotto had locked his garage and told some of the neighbors who used to keep their tools in his garage that they were not to enter.

Willie Heeney and his wife, Flo, who reside on the second floor, 1538 South Austin Boulevard, Cicero, Illinois, were interviewed in connection with the Hanap case. A separate report has been submitted on this interview in connection with the Hanap case. Heeney at this time was likewise interviewed concerning his knowledge of the Barker-Karpis gang and kindred subjects. Heeney stated that he had been acquainted with Charles Joseph Fitzgerald since about 1927; that at about the time of the Tunney-Dempsey fight in Chicago he was operating a tavern located on the south side of Chicago and that at about this time he first met Fitzgerald and "Big Homer." Heeney stated that he generally saw these men together; that thereafter he saw "Big Homer" and Fitzgerald, who was commonly known as "Big Fitz" on various occasions when they stopped at his tavern; that he knew "Big Homer" likewise under the name of Henry Wilson; that he believed that "Big Homer" was at that time running liquor up to Iowa. Heeney stated that he did not know whether Fitzgerald was connected with "Big Homer" in the purported liquor activities of "Big Homer";

that he had very little information concerning "Big Fitz" and refused to admit that he knew that Fitzgerald was a bank robber. Heeney stated that he has not seen Fitzgerald more than ten times in the past six years; that on these occasions Fitzgerald would stop by his place of business and might not be seen again for five or six months. Heeney stated that he was acquainted with Fred Goetz, having known him for some years because of Goetz' connection with the Capone syndicate; that, however, he was not acquainted with Bryan Bolton, although Bolton was well known among hoodlums living on the west side of Chicago. Heeney stated that he was not acquainted with Alvin Karpis, Fred or "Doc" Barker and at this time was shown photographs of all members of the Barker-Karpis gang which he stated that he was unable to recognize; that he had no information concerning these individuals or their criminal activities. Heeney stated that he has relatives residing at Minneapolis, Minnesota, and ordinarily spends Christmas with his wife in the Twin Cities; that he has been acquainted with Jack Peifer for some years; that he is likewise acquainted with Harry Sawyer and "Frisco Dutch" Steinhardt, having met these men through his connection with the illicit liquor business during Prohibition days. Heeney stated that he was likewise acquainted with "Three Fingered Jack" White whom he referred to as Willie White. Heeney stated that he did not believe that Charles J. Fitzgerald was acquainted with White, although he had no positive information in this respect.

At this time Mrs. Heeney stated upon further questioning that in the fall of 1933 she believed that "Three Fingered Jack" White was living somewhere on Austin Boulevard north of 15th Street in Cicero, Illinois. Mrs. Heeney was questioned further in this respect, but was unable to give the exact address where White formerly resided.

Heeney was likewise questioned concerning "Old Gus", but he denied knowing anyone by this name, stating that the only person he ever knew who could possibly be this individual was "Old Mac" Martin, who died in the year, 1931. Heeney stated that he did not believe that Alvin Karpis would be harbored by anyone connected with the syndicate, stating that Karpis and Campbell were too "hot" for the syndicate to have anything to do with them at this time.

It was apparent from statements made by Heeney that he would not provide any information of value in locating Alvin Karpis, although he professed a desire to cooperate in this investigation.

Mrs. Flo Heeney, who was likewise interviewed at this time, professed almost a complete ignorance of the identities of her husband's acquaintances. She denied knowing Charles J. Fitzgerald but admitted that she was acquainted with "Big Homer" Wilson, but was unable to provide any information in addition to that provided by her husband concerning this individual. She likewise stated she was not acquainted with or had any information concerning members of the Barker-Karpis gang.

Michael "Slugs" Stacey, brother of Louis "Doc" Stacey, who resides with his mother in the second house east of Wolf Road on the north side of Lake Street just outside Melrose Park, Illinois, was interviewed by Special Agent R. C. Suran and the writer. Stacey denied being acquainted with Alvin Karpis, "Doc" Barker, or other members of the Barker-Karpis gang. He stated that he had seen photographs of various members of this gang in the newspapers, but was not acquainted with them; that he had no information concerning either the Bremer kidnaping case or the Hamm kidnaping case. He denied that any members of this gang had ever stayed at his house overnight. Stacey was interviewed thoroughly, but he advised that he had no information indicating that any members of this gang ever frequented or had connections at Melrose Park, Illinois; that if such were the case he believes that he would know of it. Stacey stated that he was presently employed in a "bookie" joint located in the defunct Citizens Bank Building on Main Street in Melrose Park, Illinois. He stated that "Machine Gun" Jack McGurn formerly had a part interest in this "bookie" prior to his death a few months ago when he was shot down in a gang killing. Stacey at this time was likewise interviewed in connection with the Hanap case. Pertinent portions of this interview will be set out in a separate report in that file.

Rocco Stacey was interviewed by Special Agent R. C. Suran and the writer at his place of employment at the American Can Company, 13th Avenue and St. Charles Street, Maywood, Illinois. Rocco Stacey resides at 1514 North 20th Avenue, Maywood, Illinois. Rocco Stacey was shown photographs of members of the Barker-Karpis gang which he stated he was unable to recognize. At this time Rocco stated that he served an enlistment in the United States Navy during the World War. At the termination of this enlistment he returned home; that his brother, Louis "Doc" Stacey, at that time was engaged in the liquor business and invited Rocco to likewise become

engaged with him in this illicit traffic. Rocco stated that he refused to do so; that thereafter he obtained employment at the American Can Company and worked with this firm up until about the year, 1930; that he was employed for approximately a year and a half and later engaged in the business of buying and selling cattle; that he lost a great deal of money in this business and thereafter drove a garbage wagon at Melrose Park, Illinois, for approximately sixteen months, from the fall of 1932 to about November, 1933; that thereafter he got his job back with the American Can Company where he has been employed since.

Rocco Stacey mentioned that he has never been sympathetic with the hoodlums that have frequented Melrose Park, Illinois; that he classes his brothers as hoodlums and thieves and stated that he has absolutely no sympathy for his brother, Louis "Doc" Stacey, has not corresponded with him since his incarceration at Leavenworth Penitentiary; that the criminal activities of his brothers have caused him a great deal of embarrassment; that he is willing and eager to provide any information that he may possess to any law enforcement agency concerning the activities of hoodlums in the vicinity of Melrose Park. Rocco stated that he had no information indicating that Alvin Karpis or "Doc" Barker had ever stayed overnight at the home of any of his brothers; that his younger brother, Johnny Stacey, formerly was employed as a bartender at the Club Spanish which was formerly operated by "Doc" Stacey; that Johnny Stacey is presently employed in a "bookie" located somewhere in downtown Chicago.

Rocco Stacey here mentioned that Johnny Stacey is still a young man about twenty-five years of age; that he has attempted to persuade him to avoid the company of hoodlums, but that he is afraid that his brother will eventually become involved in some violation of the law.

Rocco Stacey mentioned that the DeGrazia brothers are his first cousins; that his mother is a sister of Mr. DeGrazia. Rocco stated that Rocco DeGrazia originally was released from Leavenworth Penitentiary after serving a sentence for income tax evasion and has returned to his home located somewhere in Oak Park, Illinois. Rocco Stacey provided the names of the other DeGrazia brothers, stating that Joseph DeGrazia operates a real estate firm at 21st Avenue and Lake Street, Melrose Park, Illinois; that Joseph DeGrazia is honest and reliable; that Nick DeGrazia resides somewhere in Maywood, Illinois; that Tony DeGrazia is wanted on a murder

charge and has been a fugitive for four years. Rocco Stacey stated that the other brother, Andy DeGrazia, lives in the middle of the block on the east side of 24th Avenue between 14th and 15th Street at Melrose Park, Illinois. Rocco Stacey stated that of the DeGrazia boys, Joseph DeGrazia is the only one that is legitimate; that the rest of them are hoodlums and thieves; that he has no dealings with them and considers them as being in the same class with the other hoodlums located in the vicinity of Melrose Park.

Rocco Stacey stated that his wife's maiden name is Derrico; that one of her brothers used the name of Frank Meccia and served ten years at Leavenworth Penitentiary for participation in a mail robbery at Evergreen Park, Illinois; that her other brother, Mike Derrico, is likewise a hoodlum and no good and served eighteen months in Leavenworth Penitentiary for counterfeiting; that Mike Derrico is not now in custody and is driving a garbage truck at Melrose Park, Illinois. Stacey stated further that one other brother, Rocco Derrico, was killed about two years ago and in this connection mentioned that one evening some men brought Rocco Derrico to his home. Derrico apparently was seriously injured and these men mentioned that he had been in an automobile accident; that while he was examining Derrico he noticed some blood and as he turned to question the men who brought the Derrico boy to his home they were gone; that upon calling the Police authorities it was discovered that Rocco Derrico had been shot and had died from his wounds. Rocco Stacey mentioned that as a result of this incident he was questioned by the Police who believed that he and his wife had killed her brother, Rocco Derrico. Stacey stated that because of such incident he had a thorough hatred for hoodlums and their nefarious activities; that he could provide little information concerning the criminal associates of his brothers because he had always made a practice of staying away from any persons with whom they were acquainted because he feared that he might become involved with the law.

Johnny Stacey, who likewise resides with his mother, Angeline Stacey, on Lake Street east of Wolf Road, Melrose Park, Illinois, called at the Chicago Bureau Office and was interviewed. Johnny Stacey was shown photographs of members of the Barker-Karpis gang, but he stated he was unable to recognize any of these individuals as any persons he had ever seen. He stated that during the latter part of 1932, up until the latter part of 1933, he was occasionally employed in helping his brother at the O. P. Inn; that,

however, his brother Louis "Doc" Stacey did not introduce him to any of his friends and that he was not acquainted with the persons who frequented the above mentioned Inn. At the present time Johnny Stacey mentioned that he is employed in a "bookie" joint located on Lake Street in Chicago, but he stated that he did not desire to provide Agent with this address, fearing that any inquiry for him at this address might result in his losing his job; that, however, he can be located at any time at his home.

Johnny Stacey was questioned at length, but professed ignorance of the activities of the various hoodlums residing in and frequenting Melrose Park, Illinois, and denied that he had any information that Alvin Karpis or Arthur "Doc" Barker had ever stayed overnight at his home or the home of either of his brothers during the summer of 1933. Johnny Stacey denied that he was acquainted with Frank Nash, Frank Keating, Tommy Holden, Verne Miller and other hoodlums who have been known to frequent the O. P. Inn.

It was apparent that this individual would not provide any information of value to this investigation.

The plant located above the apartment occupied by Mr. and Mrs. John Karpavicz, parents of Alvin Karpis, has been maintained continuously since the last report was submitted in this case. Special Agent V. E. Criss and his wife, with Anthony Viatkus, interpreter, have been residing at this plant. The pertinent conversations between Mr. and Mrs. Karpavicz and other members of the family overheard during the period between April 19, and April 25, 1936, are being set out herewith.

On the evening of April 19, 1936, Anthony Viatkus overheard a conversation between Mr. and Mrs. Karpavicz. This conversation was apparently a family argument which resulted because Mr. Karpavicz had been away from the apartment all day. Mrs. Karpavicz complained that Mr. Karpavicz would not stay home but went out and remained away all day. She complained that he spends money while she deprives herself of dresses, shoes, etc. Mr. Karpavicz stated in reply that she could buy whatever she needed, whereupon Mrs. Karpavicz stated that she would take \$100.00 of Alvin's money and buy herself everything. Mrs. Karpavicz at this time made mention of "always waiting" but did not mention whom she was waiting for. Mr. Karpavicz thereupon mentioned that

she has been waiting for the last few years and is always at the window.

On the evening of April 22, 1936, Anthony Viatkus overheard the following conversation:

Mr. and Mrs. Karpavicz were engaged in another family quarrel. Mrs. Karpavicz during the course of this quarrel accused Mr. Karpavicz "for what Alvin is today," whereupon Mr. Karpavicz defended himself, saying it was not his fault; that he never told Alvin to do bad things whereupon Mrs. Karpavicz said "like father like son" and Mr. Karpavicz replied, "like mother like son."

On the evening of April 23, 1936, Clara Venute, sister of Alvin Karpis, called the Karpavicz apartment and spoke with Mrs. Karpavicz. Clara Venute stated that she could be reached by calling Seeley 1676.

On the afternoon of April 25, 1936, Anthony Viatkus overheard the following conversation between Mr. and Mrs. Karpavicz:

This likewise resulted in a family quarrel during the course of which Mr. Karpavicz wanted to know why she had to go out during the night even though it is 12 o'clock. Mrs. Karpavicz thereupon started blaming Mr. Karpavicz for Alvin's conduct when he was young and that he did not take care of the home financially years ago. Whereupon Mr. Karpavicz stated that he did as much as he could.

On the night of April 30, 1936, [REDACTED] communicated with Special Agent R. C. Suran by telephone and advised that he had been in contact with Edward Otis and Otis had advised him that about 4 p.m. on April 30, 1936, he had been called to the home of John Keller, who resides in the 4600 block on Fulton Street, Chicago, Illinois; that the purpose of this visit was to arrange with Keller a robbery of an American Express shipment of money which is shipped into Chicago by the Michigan Central Railway; that Otis advised him that at Keller's home was a man whom Otis identified as being Alvin Karpis and there was another man there, possibly sixty years of age who sat in the back room and Otis did not get a good look at him. [REDACTED] Otis was positive that the man he saw was Karpis, although Keller did not introduce him as Karpis and the name which Karpis was supposed to be using

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was not known [redacted] advised that the information was obtained from Otis to the effect that Karpis had appeared at the Keller home in a Ford V-8 automobile, presumably a Sedan, bearing Wisconsin license plates. [redacted] stated that Otis advised him that Keller was down in Texas about two months ago and there met Karpis at which time arrangements were made with Karpis for him to proceed to Chicago, Illinois, and participate in the contemplated robbery. [redacted] advised that John Keller has a criminal record and was photographed by the Chicago Police Department in a group photograph of one Joseph Sullivan; that John Keller's true name was Capola; that Capola is an Italian although he does not have the appearance of being one.

Upon the receipt of this information Special Agent in Charge D. M. Ladd, Special Agents G. H. Wilson, H. S. Boone and R. C. Suran proceeded to the vicinity of the 4600 block of Fulton Avenue and there observed a DeSoto Sedan bearing 1936 Illinois license plates No. 927-156. This car was parked in front of 4643 Fulton Avenue. A check of the license number revealed that it was issued to John Keller, 4340 Flournoy Street, Chicago, Illinois, for a DeSoto. The car as described by [redacted] bearing Wisconsin license plates, could not be observed in the vicinity.

At the Austin Post Office Sub-station, 5444 West Madison Street, Carrier Abbs, who delivers mail to 4643 Fulton Avenue was interviewed and he advised that John Keller and his wife and young son have resided at this address for six or seven years. Carrier Abbs stated that Keller apparently owns the building inasmuch as he receives tax bills. Abbs further stated that Keller was arrested in Chicago three or four years ago in connection with a hijacking of some slot machines; that Keller goes under the name of Capola or Cappola; that he believes Keller was arrested under the name of Capola and at the time of his arrest was impersonating an officer; that he is engaged in the business of selling disinfectants and maintains his office at his residence; that various men stay at his residence; that these men presumably are engaged with Keller in selling disinfectants. Abbs stated that occasionally mail was received at this address for Joseph Sullivan, whose identity Abbs does not know. Abbs stated further that Mrs. Schweitzer, who lives next door at 4641 Fulton Avenue is in his opinion reliable. Photographs of Alvin Karpis, Edward Otis and various members of the Barker-Karpis gang were shown to Carrier Abbs, but he was unable to identify them.

Mrs. Schweitzer, 4641 Fulton Avenue, was interviewed. She stated she has resided at this address for four or five months and is casually acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. Keller who live next door; that she and her husband have noted numerous men, whom she described as being "shifty-eyed" calling at the Keller residence. Mrs. Schweitzer could not recall any cars containing out of state license plates parked outside the Keller residence, but she stated that she would willingly make a note hereafter of any such license plates or any Illinois license plates on automobiles parked outside the Keller home. She was shown photographs of Alvin Karpis and other members of the gang which she was unable to recognize. She stated that she felt certain she had not seen any of these persons call at the Keller residence.

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